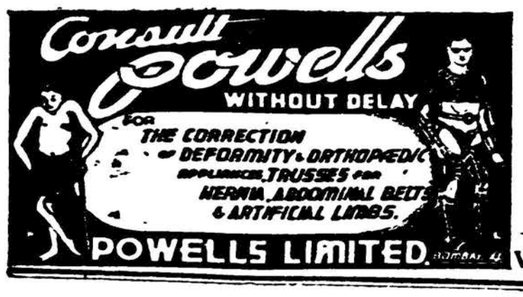
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The Bombay Chronicle

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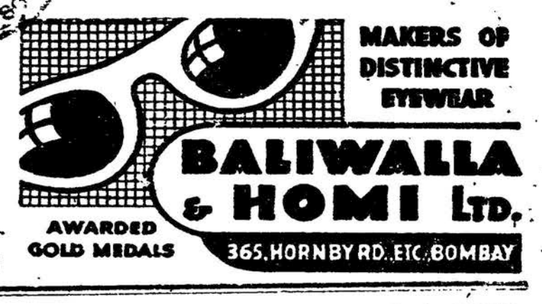

General Elections In West Bengal Soon

CONGRESS CHIEFS AGREED

Dr. B.C. Roy Summoned For Discussions

JUDICIAL ENQUIRY INTO MADRAS MINISTRY

NEW DELHI, July 17 (P.T.I.)

GENERAL elections for West Bengal and a reconstituted Government for the interim period is taken for granted in political quarters here.

It is also expected that the Congress Working Committee at its session to-morrow will in all probability decide in favour of a judicial inquiry into the charges against the Madras Ministry.

The Committee at its session this morning is understood to have tentatively agreed for the holding of general elections so that the people of the Province themselves could have an opportunity to set matters right and bring about political and administrative stability in the Province.

At the same time, it is understood, steps will be taken for a reorientation of the Congress set-up and formation of a composite Provincial Congress Committee.

The elections in the Province are not expected to be held before Dussehra which falls in October. The present electoral rools were prepared in 1936 and it is stated it had not been satisfactorily revised in any Province when the last election in early in 1946 was held. So far as West Bengal is concerned, because of the ingress and egress of population and various other vicissitudes through which the Province had passed, it would take some time before the rolls are properly made up in accordance with the 1935 Act. It is believed the Constitution Act would also have to be amended in respect of joint electorates.

TONING EFFECT

It is understood that several members of the Committee, including some who are directly connected with the administration of the country preferred not to have separate elections for Bengal at present but to have them postponed till general elections could be held throughout the country. Some members, however, were of the view that besides bringing about stability in the Province such elections would have a toning effect on the Congress organisation as a whole.

It is learned that Dr. B. C. Roy, Premier of West Bengal, who is now in Zurich, has been requested to return to India for consultations Dr. Roy, who is undergoing eye treatment, is expected to return home shortly and after a brief stay will go back to Zurich to continue the treatment.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The Congress Working Committee held another three and half hour ses-

(Continued on Page 7)

PT. NEHRU WINS YOUNG HEARTS

TOKYO, July 17 (UPA) Indian Premier Jawaharlal Nehru won newspaper headlines and the hearts of millions in Japan Sunday with the announced gift of a 10-year-old Indian elephant to Tokyo's elephantless Ueno Zoo.

Occupation Headquarters Saturday authorised the import and today's newspapers gave prominent display to the news with pictures of zoo patrons and monkeys joyously applauding Nehru's generosity.

The gift was arranged by Indian trader H. K. Niyodi who took hundreds of petitions from Japanese school children to Nehru.

It is understood the shipment will be made immediately and welcoming receptions already are being planned.

RUIN SOON IN GHETTOLAND

Dadoo's Warning

KARACHI, July 17 (PTI-Reuter)

DR. YUSUP DADOO, the South African Indian leader, said here to-day that if the situation in the Union was not checked the Indian-Pakistani community there would be ruined before long.

Addressing a meeting of the Pakistan Institute of International Affairs, Dr Dadoo characterised the racial discrimination in the Union of South Africa as "most brutal, brazen and barbarous."

He added, "The Europeans would do well to realise that the days of white supremacy are numbered and that they should be prepared to live in co-operation with the rest of the world."

He said the racial question was basically economic. The coloured people in the Union who comprised eighty percent of the population had been deliberately impoverished to ensure a constant supply of cheap mute labour work in gold mines

LAST OF THE CRASH VICTIMS CREMATED

Body Identified

BOMBAY, Sunday:

The last of the 45 victims of the Bombay plane crash, whose mutilated body was recovered only yesterday from the forest-clad area around the scene of the disaster was cremated this morning at the Haines Road Cemetery in the presence of several distinguished Dutch officials including some of the newly-arrived Dutch aeronautical experts, and representatives of the Government of India.

Before disposal the body was indentified as that of Mr. C. Vankooy, Co-Pilot and the First Officer of the plane.

A party of the Dutch experts again went to the Santa Cruz aerodrome today where they proceeded with investigations regarding the crash in collaboration with the members of the Technical Fact Finding Committee appointed by the Government of India. Another party of the experts passed some time with some of the officers of the Bombay C.I.D. in connection with the belongings of the unidentified Dutch victims, were restored.

CONTROL OF SIKKIM STATE

Centre's Action Criticised

PATNA, July 17 (PTI): Mr. Tashi Tsering, President of the Sikkim State Congress and former Chief Minister of Sikkim, said to-day that he was completely at a loss to account for the action of the Government of India in taking over the administration of the State because, in his opinion, anything like a state of emergency was conspicuous by its absence there.

Mr. Tsering said that he was going to meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and other top-ranking Congress leaders of the Indian National Congress at New Delhi in connection with the affairs of the State.

Pope Pius XII said on Sunday at Vatican City that the states not founded on a belief in God are "through inner necessity doomed to downfall".

Cripps Breaks Under Dollar Strain

SPECULATION ON HEALTH

LONDON, July 17 (UPA): Britain's Labour Government faced a flood of speculation today on the health of its Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Stafford Cripps.

The 'Sunday Despatch' took at face value Prime Minister Clement Attlee's announcement early today that Cripps would spend six weeks at a Swiss clinic to cure an "aggravated" digestive ailment.

But Dr. T. M Ling, Director of a Psychiatry centre near Horsham, Sussex, disclosed today that the overworked Chancellor visited him a few months ago. Ling heads the Roffey Park rehabilitation centre set up during the war to cure neurosis. The centre specializes in giving shock treatment to relieve acute mental tensions.

Ling told the United Press of America, "Sir Stafford is a personal friend of long standing. He visited me a few months ago, but I can say no more". Another member of the centre said Cripps has "no trouble other than exhaustion".

Attlee was expected to tell the House of Commons tomorrow whether he personally would carry on Cripps' work until the Chancellor's return or whether a deputy would be named.

There was some speculation that Hugh Dalton, Cripps' predecessor, might be named as temporary deputy. Cripps is expected to depart for Zurich shortly after the conclusion of the Commonwealth Finance Ministers Conference tomorrow.

(See Page 6)

A party of pilgrims will set out by the end of this month for the cave of Shree Amarnath Swami situated at a height of 16,000 feet. The followers of the Swami will reach his cave on August 8 which is the date this year for the pilgrimage.

LABOUR COLLEGE SESSION

Mr. Achyut Patwardhan inaugurating the eighth session of the Labour College at Podar College, Bombay, on Saturday.

SAMPLE OF CITY'S MOB SENSE

They came to hear a debate, stayed to create disorder, and left with nerves frayed.

Pandemonium At City Meeting

MOB'S IMPATIENCE ENDS IN UPROAR

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Pandemonium prevailed in the hall of the Vanita Samaj, Shivaji Park, this morning, resulting in the postponement of a function arranged in the hall.

The Executive Committee of the Samaj had organised an elocution competition and a public debate on the famous Marathi picture "Sakharpuda" now being shown at the Plaza. As many as 84 cine critics and some well-known stars like Lila Chitnis were to speak. Mr. P. K. Atre, the noted Marathi writer, was to preside.

The prospects of a lively and interesting debate had brought forth hundreds of Marathi cine-fans to the hall, some of them coming from such distant places as Thana and Virar. The small hall of the Samaj was soon packed to overflowing, and a milling crowd stood outside, shouting for admission. This developed into an uproar, and the organisers, fearing mischief, decided to postpone the debate. Their decision unfortunately disappointed and enraged the audience.

This was a signal for rowdyism. Chairs were overthrown, tables upturned, and there was a stampede for nearly half an hour. Fortunately none was injured and quiet was soon restored.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON KISANS

One Dead Near Salem

SALEM, July 17 (PTI): One person was killed and two injured in police firing yesterday in Omalur taluk, 25 miles from here.

Following some kisan trouble a reserve police party raided the taluk to arrest "wanted persons" in connection with a case pending before the Omalur Magistrate against 79 persons for criminal trespass and security proceedings. Persons said to be Kisans pelted the police with stones injuring a sub-inspector and three constables.

Thirty-six persons have been taken into custody.

LOHIA AS PROPHET

PATNA, July 17 (PTI): Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Socialist leader, said here to-day that he was confident that the Congress would lose its power in the course of the next one or two years. It would be a great and a sudden fall, he added.

Addressing a public meeting, Dr. Lohia said the time had come when the "myth" created by the Congress that after it there would be deluge in India should be exploded.

UNCIP Men In Karachi

KARACHI, July 17 (PTI-Reuter):—The members of the Truce Sub-Committee of the UNCIP arrived in Karachi this afternoon.

The members of the Indian delegation who are to participate in military conference are expected to arrive tomorrow.

Sheikh Abdullah In New Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 17 (PTI): Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir, arrived here this morning by air from Srinagar.

The Rains Are Slackening

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A GENERAL decrease of monsoon activity in Bombay Province and Saurashtra is expected during the next two or three days, says a bulletin issued by the Santa Cruz Forecasting Station late on Sunday night.

Occasional showers, which may be heavy at times are expected in the City and suburbs on Monday.

Monsoon was strong in Saurashtra, Gujerat and Konkan during the 24 hours ending 8-30 a.m. today. Honavar recorded seven inches of rain during this period, Dwarka and Mahableshwar five inches, Marmagao and Vengurla three inches of rainfall.

Ahmedabad recorded four inches of rain between 8-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m. today, while Baroda, Bhavnagar, Dahanu and Mahableshwar one inch each. Colaba and Santa Cruz registered only 1/4 inch and Juhu 1/2.

The total rainfall recorded in Bombay City since June 1, amounts to 37.1 inches which is 2.2 inches above normal

A number of checking points have been set up at all possible entrances and routes throughout East Punjab, the Patiala and East Punjab States Union and Himachal Pradesh to stop smuggling of contraband opium. This step has been taken following seizure of about 21 maunds of illicit opium in Ambala district last month.

REPEAL PUBLIC SAFETY ACTS AT ONCE

Madras Conference Demand

MADRAS, July 17, (PTI).

THE Indian Civil Liberties Conference today urged the immediate repeal of Public Safety Acts in the various provinces and setting at liberty the "unfortunate victims" of these measures.

The Conference, which concluded its two-day session here today, said in a resolution that these measures should be repealed "before things got out of control and the establishment of a dictatorship made inevitable with all its disastrous consequences."

The Conference resolved to constitute an All-India Civil Liberties Council with the object of maintaining throughout the Indian Union the rights of personal liberty, freedom of speech press and assembly and freedom of association and to take all legitimate action in the furtherance of such purpose.

The freedom of the press, the conference said, should be specially guaranteed in the article of Fundamental Rights in the Indian constitution and the Emergency Powers Act should be forthwith repealed and the Public Safety Act removed from the statue book.

Resolutions relating to the social disabilities of Scheduled Castes, civil liberties in the new constitution and freedom of association were also passed.

U. N. DECLARATION

The Conference welcomed the Declaration of Human Rights adopted by the United Nations organisation and called upon the Government of India to implement it. It also appealed to the Government to provide the U. N. Covenant on Human Rights with effective constitutional machinery for implementation so that civil liberty could be enforced "not only nationally but also by international saction."

The Conference recommended to the Governmment of India the establishment of a permanent commission on civil rights which would continuously appraise the status of civil rights, collect data, audit periodically the extent of security of civil rights issue regular reports and lay down policies.

THREAT TO QUIT

Mr. P. R. Das, who presided, threatened to resign his office in the course of the proceedings this afternoon when a majority among the audience by show of hands wanted to select people of their choice as office-bearers of the Conference for the ensuing year.

It was later stated that many of them were found to possess only visitor's cards instead of delegates' tickets. They were not allowed to vote.

Mr. P. R. Das was elected President of the Conference for the ensuing year. Mr. C. G. Sivaswami (Madras) and Mr. N. M. Joshi (Bombay) were elected Vice-Presidents and Mr. S. G. Vaze and Dr. R. G. Kakade (Poona) as Secretary and Assistant Secretary respectively. A working committee was also constituted.

Mr. Das in his concluding remarks said that he did not believe that the Conference was going to shake the foundations of the Congress Ministries. "Great events had emerged from small beginnings and let us hope and pray that a mighty spirit will arise from the Conference to put the cause of democracy and of civil liberty on a firm foundation. Freedom is indivisible and w ecannot both be free and unfree."

PLEA TO RELEASE PARCHURE

Detention Qualified As "Against Law"

GWALIOR, July 17 (P.T.I.)

A HABEAS CORPUS application on behalf of Dr. Dattatraya Sadashiva Parchure, who is detained here under the East Punjab Public Safety Act, has been moved in the Gwalior High Court.

The grounds are that the detention of Dr. Parachure is "against law, improper and not based on any adequate reason and the consent given by the Madhya Bharat Government for his detention in Gwalior is illegal and malafide."

Mr. P. L. Inamdar, his counsel, has also requested the High Court that the Government of East Punjab may be made a party in this case

A special bench of three judges has been appointed for the hearing of the application, the date for which has not yet been fixed.

It is learnt that Dr Parchure has also made a representation to the East Punjab Government alleging that the order of detention served on him on June 21 before the acquittal order was received by him, amounts to contempt of court.

DOCKERS PARADE IN LONDON

LONDON, July 17, (PTI-Reuter): Ten thousand people packed Trafalgar Square this afternoon to hear protest speeches at a mass meeting of dockers involved in the London docks dispute.

Led by the London Pipe Band and with Trade Union banners waiving about 1,700 of the 14,638 men in the dispute which led to Government emergency measures marched in procession to the square.

Striking Canadian seamen from the "Beaverbrae" and "Argomont"—the two Canadian ships which the dockers refuse to unload—took part in the march carrying posters.

Mr. John Platts-Mils, Independent Labour Member of Parliament, told the meeting," I challenge the Government with not wanting to solve this dispute."

LUCKNOW, July 17 (PTI): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will arrive at Lucknow to-morrow morning to attend the meeting of the U.P.P.C.C. Council.

Reds Claim 30.87 Per Cent Of China

PEIPING July 17 (PTI-Reuter): A Communique issued by the General Headquarters of the "Peoples Liberation Army" said the Communists now controlled 30.87 per cent of China's total area and 38.7 per cent of the total population, according to the broadcast. The Communist-controlled areas had increased from 2,285,800 square kilometres at the outbreak of the war in July 1946 to the present total of 29,62,800 square kilo metres, the communique stated

Corresponding population figures were 136,067,000 at the outset of the war and the present total of 279,274,000.

AVIATION DAY IN RUSSIA

Stalin's Son Leads Air Force Display

MOSCOW, July 17, (PTI-Reuter): A PLANE carrying a huge portrait of Stalin and formation of aircraft spelling out the words "Glory to Stalin" opened the Soviet Union's annual Aviation Day near Moscow today.

Lieutenant-General Vassily Stalin son of the Russian leader, led Soviet Air Force jet planes in battle formation across the field.

Two 16-year-old girls were among the pilots of gliders released above the field by aircraft.

Latest types of Soviet military aircraft staged a mock battle over the airfield with fighters aided by ground defences, chasing away "enemy" bombers.

The display ended in a great galaxy of colour as 400 paracnutists, with multi-coloured parachutes dropped over the aerodrome, landing directly in the centre of the field.

Soviet Minister Replaced

LONDON, July 17 (UPA): Radio Moscow said on Saturday that Alexander Voznesenky, Education Minister in the Russian Socialist Soviet Republic, has been replaced by Ivan Kairov. No reason was given for the change in the Government of the Soviet Union's largest Republic.

3 PER CENT LOAN 1949-52

Repayment On August 1

BOMBAY, Sunday: The outstanding balance of the three per cent loan 1949-52 will be repaid on August 1, 1949, and no interest will accrue thereon from that date.

To facilitate discharge of the loan on August 1, holders may tender their securities at the public Debt Office, Treasury or Branch of the Imperial Bank of India at which they have been enfaced or registered for payment of interest on or after July 2, 1949. Full details of the procedure for obtaining discharge value may be obtained on application to any public Debt Office, branch of the Imperial Bank of India or the Treasury concerned.

Patna Sweepers Go On Strike

PATNA, July 17 (PTI): About 1,300 scavengers of the Patna City Municipality of a total of 2,100 struck yesterday causing serious dislocation in sanitation work.

The scavengers, who are demanding fixation of their basic salary at rupees 50 per month, were stated to have gone on strike without giving notice.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS sovt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited for the post of a Demonstrator at the Central Institute of Education Delhi in the grade of Rs. 18 40-1150-15/2-350. Four sanctioned at present for 3 years. Applicants must be first or second class MA or M.Sc. in Psychology preferably Experimental Psychology. Knowledge of laboratory work essential. Knowledge of statistics will be additional qualification. Higher initial salary may be given in very special case. Selected candidate must be ready to join immediately. Apply before 31st July to the Principal, Central Institute of Education, 5-Cavalry Lines, Delhi. (5164)

Wanted for up country, experienced Steno Typist, conversant with filing, despatch and other office routine work. Apply with salary expected to Post Box 416, Bombay. (945)

ACCOMMODATION WANTED.

British Firm requires office premises ground or first floor Ballard Estate or Fort about 250 300 square feet, willing pay good rent. Reply Box No 5163 "Bombay Chronicle." (5163)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—New Session has commenced. Enrol immediately for Special making-up classes for late entrants, for Professional Diplomas of Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce or suitable combinations for personal or postal education. Call or write for Prospectus 81, Esplanade Road. (944)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Chitrakot Asthma-Specific. A most powerful and highly effective medicine which relieves the dreaded disease permanently only one by dose to be taken on purnima (full moon) dated 8-8-1949. Apply at once:—Masania Baba Sewa Ashram, Bai Ka Bagicha Jubbulpore, C.P. (941)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Best Australian Self-raising flour and Semolina in 2 lbs. packets, ready stock. Local and mofussil buyers please contact Near East Trading Company, 32, Apollo Street; Telephone 23407. 897

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale Two sets of Tripple Effect Evaporator each 4000 sq feet H.S. complete with independent condensers. Makers Blairs and Harvey. Practically all the Calendria Tubes have been replaced by new tubes. Both sets are complete with 12 feet high staging and condensate and syrup pumps, and are in excellent working order. They can be inspected and will be spared as a bigger size quad will be installed in their places. Two Horisontal Steam-driven Dry Air Pumps having Steam Cylinder 17" Dia. on cylinder 25" dia Stroke 24" 70 R.P.M Makers Blairs In perfect working order. These pumps can be inspected and are available as bigger pumps are being installed. Please apply Box No. 5054 "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our high grade Photo and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Company—Howrah. 5115

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Shop at Deesra for Italian and American tapestry fabrics plain and printed everglaze American Chintz Czech cut and painted glassware etc etc 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1 (6778)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 20-8-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of JUNIOR ENTOMOLOGIST for Malaria Organisation. All other things being equal candidates belonging to backward classes preferred. QUALIFICATIONS.—M.Sc. in Zoology or a 1st Class B.Sc. of a recognised university with Zoology as a principal subject and two years' experience in Entomological work. AGE.—Not more than 25 years on 1-11-1949 relaxable in suitable cases. PAY.—Rs. 200-650 PLUS house rent allowance of Rs. 10 p.m. so long as pay does not exceed Rs. 250 - p.m. and thereafter 5% of pay if his headquarters are in Poona, PLUS cost of living allowance as admissible. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. (5160)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO PLUMBING CONTRACTORS

(1) Sealed Tenders are invited on behalf of the Milk Commissioner of Bombay, for the Plumbing, Drainage, Sanitary and Water-fitting work of (1) Dairy Building, (2) Boiler House, Engine Room and Dormitory, (3) Canteen, (4) Office Building and (5) Garages at "Aarey" near Goregaon, Bombay.

(2) Copies of the Tender Forms, Specification and Schedule of Quantities can be obtained from the undersigned on or after Wednesday 20th July 1949, during Office hours on payment of Rs. 30 - and the drawings may be inspected in the Office of the Architects during Office hours, on any working day.

(3) Sealed Tenders must be submitted to the Architects Office by noon on Wednesday 3rd August, 1949, with a cash deposit of Rs. 10,000/- and accompanied by a list of the more important Building Work already carried out by the tendering firm, under the supervision of qualified Architects, mentioning the name of the Building, its cost, date of erection and the name of the Architects.

(4) The Milk Commissioner of Bombay does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, and will, before accepting any Tender require proper evidence that the tendering Firm will be able to carry out successfully the work within the period stated.

(5) The deposit of the unsuccessful Tenderers will be returned immediately the decision of the Milk Commissioner of Bombay has been received by the Architects.

Messrs. GREGSON, BATLEY & KING,
Chartered Architects.

Chartered Bank Building,
Fort, Bombay.
5158

THE SASSOON & ALLIANCE SILK MILL CO., LTD.

NOTICE

THE SIXTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office, Maneckji Wadia Building, 127 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th AUGUST, 1949, at 5.00 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, Audited Balance Sheet and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st December 1948.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, 29th July to FRIDAY, 12th August, 1949, both days inclusive.

By Order of the
Board of Directors,
DAVID SASSOON & CO., LTD.
A. PETHER,
Manager,
Managing Agents.

Maneckji Wadia Building,
127, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 14th July 1949.

N.B.—The Dividend when declared, as recommended by the Directors, will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company during office hours on and after MONDAY, 22nd AUGUST 1949 (excepting Saturdays).

Shareholders are requested to intimate immediately any change in their registered address to the Company.

To, The Shareholders of the Sassoon & Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ltd., and in particular to:—

Sir Alexander George Gray and another, Mrs. Selina Sophia Sassoon and 2 others, Mrs. Gladys Valerie Violet Worke, Mr. Henry Hollington Sawyer, Mr. John Wilfred Marchmont Maynard, Miss Shireen Jehangir Mody, Mr. Ahmed Ismail Bhana, Mr. Mahomed Ismail Bhana, Mr. Chandiram Jethanand Bakhru, Mrs. Khorshed Hoshang Nadirshaw Eduiji Dinshaw and another. (5152)

WANTED.

APPLICATIONS are invited from qualified persons for the following posts in the Regional Hospitals and Maternity and Child Welfare Centres in the Jharia and Raniganj Coalfields in Bihar and West Bengal.

i) 6 Staff Nurses. Scale of pay Rs. 100-5-125-6-185.
ii) 1 Ward Sister. Scale of pay Rs 200-10-300
iii) 6 Midwives. Scale of pay Rs. 55-3-85-4-125-5-130.

Uniform and Dhobi allowances Rs 10/- and Rs 5/- P.M. respectively. Free furnished quarters with free water and electricity. Leave, Dearness Allowance and other conditions of service will be governed by Central Government Rules. Particulars and application forms can be obtained from the undersigned. Last date for application August 15, 1949.

COAL MINES WELFARE COMMISSIONER.
Dhanbad, (Bihar)
(5151)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA

ISSUE OF RS. 100 LAKHS 3 PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN

TO BE REPAID AT PAR ON 15TH AUGUST 1959.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 11 A.M. ON MONDAY THE 1ST AUGUST 1949.

The Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta have in accordance with the provisions of the Calcutta Port Act been authorised to raise a Debenture loan of Rs. 100 lakhs.

This loan will rank "pari passu" with the outstanding rupee and sterling loans contracted under the Calcutta Port Act, with any future loans from Government, and with any further loans which may with the sanction of Government be contracted under the Calcutta Port Act. All loans contracted by the Commissioners under the Calcutta Port Act are constituted a first charge on the properties now vested or which may hereafter become vested in the Commissioners and on the tolls, dues, rates, rents and charges leviable under the Act.

Under the Indian Trusts Act, the Commissioners' debentures rank as TRUSTEES' SECURITIES.

The debentures will be issued for sums of Rs. 100 each, or multiples of Rs. 100 as may be required, made payable to order and CARRYING INTEREST AT THE RATE OF 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM payable half-yearly on the 15th day of February and the 15th day of August at the Calcutta Head Office of the Imperial Bank of India upon presentation of the debentures. The first half-yearly payment of interest will be made on the 15th February 1950. The loan will be repayable at par on the 15th August 1959.

For the convenience of holders debentures can be enfaced free of charge throughout the period of the loan for payment of interest at the Bombay Local Head Office of the Imperial Bank of India. The debentures will be transferable by endorsement without registration of transfer by the Imperial Bank of India, and will be renewed, consolidated or subdivided by the Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta, at the instance of the holders in multiples of Rs. 100 on the same terms as Government Promissory Notes.

The Commissioners are required under the Calcutta Port Act to set aside half-yearly out of their income, before making any other disbursements, a sinking fund payment of such amount as will suffice to liquidate each loan contracted by them by way of debentures within such period not exceeding 60 years as the Central Government may in each case direct. The Sinking Funds are invested in the names of two Trustees, one being the Commissioners and the other a person appointed by Government, and are annually examined in pursuance of the provisions of the Calcutta Port Act by the Accountant General, West Bengal.

FIVE PER CENT. OF THE FACE VALUE OF THE DEBENTURES APPLIED FOR MUST BE PAID ON APPLICATION. The money may be deposited with the Chief Accountant, Calcutta Port Commissioners, or it may be sent by draft or cheque on any Calcutta Bank with the tender. The balance of the tendered price must be paid before noon on the 15th August 1949, and if it is not so paid the deposit made on application will be forfeited. If a tenderer receives no allotment the deposit will be returned forthwith. If a smaller amount is allotted than the amount applied for, the total amount deposited by the tenderer will be applied towards the payment of the tendered price of the amount allotted.

TENDERS, which should be in sealed covers marked "Tender for debenture loan" WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE SECRETARY, Calcutta Port Commissioners, at the Commissioners' Office, 15 Strand Road, Calcutta, UP TO 11 A.M. ON MONDAY, THE 1ST AUGUST 1949. The form printed below may be used or printed forms of tender may be obtained from the Secretary at whose office the form of debenture to be issued can be seen, or from any Local Head Office or Indian Branch of the Imperial Bank of India.

Tenders at different rates should be submitted on separate forms.

A brokerage of 4 annas per Rs. 100 (face value) will be paid to recognised Stock and Share Brokers and Banks on accepted tenders bearing their stamp.

The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

P. C. MITTER,
Secretary.

The 7th July 1949.

FORM OF APPLICATION

3 PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN FOR RS. 100 LAKHS REPAYABLE ON THE 15TH AUGUST 1959.

The Secretary,
THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.

I/we———————————, the undersigned
(In block capitals)

hereby apply for———————Debentures of Rs.———————each of the above issue in terms of the advertisement published by you dated the———————July 1949 and I/we send herewith receipt for Rs.———————being 5 per cent. deposit on the par value

*Draft or cheque for Rs.———

of the debentures and I/we undertake to accept the same or any less number the Commissioners may allot to me/us and to make the full payment in respect of the Loan to the Imperial Bank of India, Calcutta before noon of Monday, the 15th August 1949.

The amount I/we undertake to pay for these debentures is Rs.——————————per cent.

Signature———————————
Address———————————

Dated———————1949.

*The draft or cheque must be on a Calcutta Bank.
(5157)

NOTICE OF TENDER.

MILITARY ENGINEER SERVICES.

TENDERS are invited preferably from Contractors, who own their own Workshops and who are borne on the Approved list of M.E.S. and within whose financial limits the value of the work lies, by the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, for the supply of Furniture for E/M. Tech. Trg. Establishment, Mechanical Equipment, Institute, squash court etc. in S.M.E. Kirkee. The work is estimated to cost about Rs. 1 6 lakhs.

Other Furniture Dealers, though NOT on the M.E.S. list but owning Furniture Workshops may also apply for tender and before the tender documents are issued to them they will be required to show proof of their suitability for the work and to enlist themselves with M.E.S. as approved Contractors.

The articles of Furniture required are Almirah large, Almirah medium, cupboard, bookcase, Desk without dias, forms with back and chairs, Table and Workshop bench of various types, etc. The exact number required to be supplied will be indicated in the Tender documents.

Application for tender forms must be submitted on or before 26th July 1949 to the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona.

Copies of the conditions of Contract, Drawings would be open for inspection in the Office of the Chief Engineer, Southern Command, Poona, during Office hours.

Tender documents will be issued on and after 28th July, 1949 and upto 29th July 1949.

Tenders will be received by 15.00 hours on 15th August, 1949. (5141)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited upto 31st July 1949 from practical experienced persons for the following posts on work charged establishment expected to last for atleast 3 years for the construction of 66 KV single circuit transmission lines on Steel Towers:—

(1) Erection Foreman	2 Nos.
(2) Surveyors	2 Nos.
(3) Line Supervisors	6 Nos.
(4) Linemen	16 Nos.

Only those who have actual experience of erection of 66 KV transmission lines will be considered. Apply to Superintending Engineer, Sarda Hydro Electric Circle, 22 Outram Road, Lucknow, U. P., stating (a) Academic & Technical qualification, (b) Details of experience, previous posts held with rates of pay, (c) Minimum pay required, (d) Age, and (e) Copies of Testimonials.

(Sd). A. Q. RIZWI,
Superintending Engineer.
5130

G.I.P. RAILWAY — TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, G.I.P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Bearing Brasses. Tender form and drawing obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G.I.P. Railway, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/8-/- per set, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date Tuesday the 9th August, 1949, at 3 p.m. (S.T.). (5126)

PUBLIC NOTICES

TRAINING SHIP "DUFFERIN"

APPLICATIONS for admission to the Executive Course commencing from February 1950 are invited from candidates between the ages of 15 years and 17 years on the 1st July 1949 who have passed the Matriculation Examination or an examination of a recognised University of a standard not lower than Matriculation with Mathematics.

NOTE:—Dufferin entry is confined to candidates for the Executive Course.

A Qualifying Examination in English, Mathematics including Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry & Elementary Trignometry, Geography and General Knowledge will be held in English in the last week of October 1949 at various centres in India. The successful candidates will be interviewed by the Governing Body in Bombay in THE FIRST WEEK OF FEBRUARY 1950. Applications on the prescribed form will be accepted upto the 15th September, 1949.

The Prospectus containing the OFFICIAL APPLICATION FORM and specimen examination papers can be obtained from the undersigned on prepayment of Re. 1/- by MONEY ORDER ONLY.

Secretary, Governing Body,
Training Ship "Dufferin",
Mazagaon Pier, Bombay 10.
(5120)

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY LIMITED,
FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICES HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss or destruction of the policies due to riot, disturbances and other causes, duplicate policies will be issued unless objections are lodged with us within one month from this date:—

POL. NO.	NAME OF THE ASSURED:	PLACE:
86442	Ramchand Udhavdas Nichani Wadhwa	Shikarpur-Sind
103404	Vishnu Nainaram Sharma	Sind Hd.
104635) 135440) 174725)	Abdulla Haji Isa Sadwa	Godhra
115891	Shanmukhappa Komarppa Sendoor	Kopbal.
116377	Gulam Husain Yarmahomad Bhutta	Shikarpur-Sind
121907	Pahlajram Sewaram Muthreja	Coimbatore
134676	Kesar Singh Kohli	Bombay
142170) 142171)	Trambaklal Mayashankar Trivedi	Karachi
170508) 170509) 170510)	Mrs. Ishwaribai a/s Surasatibai wd/o late Duni Chand Ahooja	Shikarpur-Sind
187255	Khanderao Narayan Patil	Bombay
188894	Parasappa Hanumant Patil a/s Mitase	Bidralbi, N. Kanara
211876	Hargundas Tanumal Gangwani	Sukkar-Sind.
238818	Kundan Mal Nawandram Dharamdasni	Sind
302652	Ravji Devshi Shah	Karachi

Dated 18th July.

T. C. KAPUR,
Manager.
(5159)

LADY SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS FOR INDIAN ARMY CHILD WELFARE CENTRE

A FEW VACANCIES exist for Lady Doctors for employment at the Indian Army Child Welfare Centres at certain selected stations all over India. The appointments will be made in the first instance on a contract basis which will extend upto 1st March 1951, terminable at two months' notice on either side.

Candidates should possess the minimum qualification of L.S.M.F., L.M.P. or their equivalent, and must be medically fit in category 'A' as certified by an I.A.M.C. Officer, and be prepared to serve anywhere in India.

Pay and allowances admissible are as follows:—

(a) Pay Rs. 120/- per mensem (fixed).
(b) Dearness allowance will be admissible. The rate of the Dearness allowance and the period for which it is admissible will be the same as for other civilian employees who are on equivalent rates of pay and who are paid from the Defence Services Estimates.
(c) Rent-free Quarters and Fuel (for warming and drying purposes only) —or Rs. 25/- in lieu.
(d) 30 days leave annually.
(e) Outfit allowance of Rs. 100/- on first appointment.
(f) Single Second Class fare for self only on first appointment.

Applications giving date of birth, place of domicile, details of qualifications and previous experience etc. together with the necessary certificates should be submitted to the Director of Medical Services, Army Headquarters, New Delhi.

Candidates if called up for interview will have to travel at their own expense.

Last date for receipt of application is 31st July 1949. (5127)

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

CERTIFICATES for 25 shares Nos. 687949-73 of this Company standing in the name of the Central Bank of India, Ltd. have been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the registered Office of the Company within 8 days from hereof, otherwise duplicate will be issued to the abovenamed.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & COMPANY.
Agents.
Bombay, 18-7-49. (5154)

EASTERN PUNJAB RAILWAY

Tender No. 118|301-S|GA|P3-49.

1. Sealed tenders are invited for Brooms Goa clean dry sticks without leaves not less than 3 feet long in bundles of approximately one Cwt. each (equal) 15 tons.
2. Samples should be submitted along with quotation.
3. Tender form can be had from the undersigned on payment of Re. 1|- only. No tender will be issued by V.P.P.
4. Quotations should reach the undersigned not later than 8|8|1949 accompanied by a receipt for earnest money equalling 5% of the value of the tender subject to a maximum of Rs. 500|- to be deposited with the Chief Cashier and Paymaster, E. P. Railway, Delhi. Tenders will be opened on the following day at 14 hours.

For CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER,
(Stores).
(5129)

FOREST AUCTION SALES

BETUL FOREST DIVISION

IT IS NOTIFIED for general information that the auction sales of Standing and Felled Timber and Fuel coupes and Minor Forest Produce e.g. Tendu Leaves, Gum (other than Kullu Gum), Honey and Wax Harra Fruit, Russa Grass etc. of Betul Forest Division will be held on the 4th, 5th, and 6th August 1949, at the Forest Godown, Kalapatha, Betul, commencing daily at 12 noon.

Intending bidders may apply for further particulars to the undersigned.

M. R. TRIVEDI,
Divisional Forest Officer,
Betul Division
BETUL, C.P.
5010

PUBLIC NOTICE.
BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B. E. S. & T.
UNDERTAKING.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of material and erection of a bus garage at Byculla. Only recognised structural steel tenderers need apply. Building 206' wide x 700 feet long. Prefabricated structures will also be considered. Tenders due 29th August, 1949. Drawings, specifications, etc. may be obtained from the office of the Planning Engineer on payment of a fee of Rs. 10/- per set. (5156)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BOMBAY DYEING & MANUFACTURING CO. LTD.

Neville House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Bombay Dyeing & Manufacturing Co., Ltd. will be held at the registered office of the Company, Neville House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on the Eleventh day of August, One Thousand nine hundred and forty-nine at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at which the sub-joined Resolutions 1 and 2 (a) and (b) will be proposed as Special Resolutions and Resolution 3 will be proposed as an Ordinary Resolution.

RESOLUTION 1. That Clause 3 of the Memorandum of Association of the Company be cancelled and that the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof and circulated among the Shareholders be approved and adopted as Clause 3 of the Memorandum of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of the present Clause of the Memorandum of Association.

RESOLUTION 2. (a) That Article 117 be deleted, and that in lieu thereof the following Article be substituted:

"117. The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who shall have the entire management superintendence control ordering and direction of the affairs business and concerns of the Company save as to such objects and powers of the Company as are not by the Act or by the Memorandum of Association directed or required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting but subject nevertheless to the Provisions of the Act and of the Memorandum of Association and of these presents and to such regulations as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulation by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that regulation had not been made."

RESOLUTION 2. (b) That Sub Clauses I to XVI both inclusive of Article 118 be deleted, that the Sub Clauses I to XXXV contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof and circulated among the Shareholders be approved and adopted as Sub Clauses I to XXXV both inclusive of Article 118 in substitution for and to the exclusion of the present Sub Clauses I to XVI of the present Articles of Association and that the subsequent Sub Clauses of that Article be renumbered accordingly.

RESOLUTION 3. That the Directors be authorised to take such steps as may be necessary to have the alteration in the Memorandum of Association confirmed by the High Court.

Dated this 15th day of July, One thousand nine hundred and forty-nine.

By order of the Board,
NOWORSJEE WADIA & SONS LIMITED,
A. D. GORWALA,
Director,
Agents
5155

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Nurse at the Office of the Naval Staff Surgeon, Bombay.

Pay Rs. 100-5-115-6-155 plus all allowances admissible under the rules.

Candidate should be a qualified general trained nurse & ordinarily should be a qualified midwife registered with the Bombay Nurses, Midwifes & Health Visitors council.

She should be under 35 years of age. Candidates eligible for the above appointment should apply to the Commodore-in-Charge, Vithal House, Mint Road, Bombay stating qualifications, age, & experience & enclosing copies of certificates and testimonials as early as possible. (5150)

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913
AND
IN THE MATTER OF J. KIMATRAI & CO. (INDIA) LTD.

AT AN EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company duly convened and held at the Registered Office of the Company in the Town of Bombay, on the 4th day of July, 1949, the following resolution was duly passed, as a special resolution, viz:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily and that Mr. Pritamdas H. Gidwaney be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up without remuneration and that the said Liquidator may exercise all the powers of the Liquidator given by the Indian Companies Act."

Dated this 13th day of July 1949.

(Sd.) SOBHRAJ JHAMATMAL
Chairman
(946)

(For Further Notices See Page 23)

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PUBLIC NOTICES

TENDER NOTICE.

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Railway, Loco Office Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 1-8-1949 for 'Supply of timber such as scantlings, planks, battons, etc. to the Resident Engineers Byculla and Igatpuri.' Form of tender, Schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. This sum will not be refunded.

(5153)

NOTICE

It is hereby informed that between Juhu Aerodrome and Jetnalal Sanghji Building 88/94 Dhanji Street, Bombay No. 3 one money leather purse of white and red colour is lost. It contains the draft of United Commercial Bank of Calcutta on its Bombay Branch in favour of UNITED MEDICAL TRADERS for Rs. 30876-1-6 and currency notes of about Rs. 300/- and some papers.

Whoever gets hold of it is requested to deliver the same to me at once on the fourth floor of the said building. Any person who wrongfully deals with the said Bank's draft and notes will do so incurring criminal liability.

Bombay dated 17th July 1949.

MAHASUKLAL CHIMANLAL

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 489 of 1949.

DAYALJI BIRDHAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant a Merchant and a Landlord, residing at Ville Parle, Greater Bombay, without the Fort of Bombay on behalf of himself and other shareholders of the 1st Defendant Company except the Defendants Nos. 2 to 7 ..... Plaintiff.

Versus

(1) THE VASANT INVESTMENT CORPORATION LTD., a Joint Stock Co., incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, having its Registered Office at Cotton Exchange Building, Fuvara Richy Road, Ahmedabad and having its Central Office at Merwan Building at Sir Phiroshah Mehta Road within the Fort of Bombay. (2) VASUDEV JWALADUTT PILLANI of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Nepean Sea Road without the Fort of Bombay. (3) SAKALCHAND G. SHAH, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Kapur Mahal, Marine Drive, outside the Fort of Bombay. (4) R. N. KAPUR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Churchgate Reclamation, within the Fort of Bombay (5) NAGINDAS G. SHAH, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing near Opera House, outside the Fort of Bombay. (6) NATVERLAL M. DALAL of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, carrying on business at Dalal Street within the Fort of Bombay. (7) SHETH MAHADEOJI SINGHI, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at Napean Sea Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ... ... Defendants.

To,

The Members of the
VASANT INVESTMENT
CORPORATION LIMITED

PURSUANT to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tendolkar on the 7th day of April, 1949. Notice is hereby given under Order 1, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that this suit has been filed by the Plaintiff abovenamed for himself and on behalf of all other shareholders of the Vasant Investment Corporation Ltd. against the defendants abovenamed for the following reliefs:—

(a) That it may be declared that the defendants Nos. 2 and 7 have ceased to be the Directors of the Vasant Investment Corporation Ltd. the first defendant herein.
(b) That the defendants Nos. 2 and 7 may be restrained by an Order and Injunction of this Hon'ble Court from acting in any manner whatsoever as the Directors of the Vasant Investment Corporation Ltd. the 1st defendant herein.
(c) Interim Injunction in terms of prayer (3) hereof.
(d) for costs of the suit and interest on judgment at 4 p.c. per annum till judgment.
(e) Such further and other relief as the nature of the case may require.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of this suit has been fixed for the 22nd day of August, 1949.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1949.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR
For Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR

The 14th day of July, 1949.

Messrs. RUSTAMJI & GINWALA
Plaintiffs Attorneys
(5165)

ON RETURN FROM TRIUMPHANT TOUR OF HYDERABAD and SOUTH

PRITHVI THEATRES PRESENT

SHAKUNTALA

TOMORROW (Tues. 19th)
8-30 p.m.

BHANGWADI Theatre
(KALBADEVI)

Plans Open Book Now

AUCTION SALES

DISPOSAL AUCTION
AUCTION SALE of 1 Vauxhall Motor car, Hydrolic Accumulator Tubing Alloy bar, wooden sleepers, Nail steel wire, big lots of bolts and nuts, spanners, lathe tools, projectors, Ford 3 ton chassis etc. on Saturday, 23rd inst. at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) at D. G. A. Godown, Ghatkopar under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.
Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit balance by 26-7-49, delivery by 31-7-49.

GANDHI & CO

GERMAN CONDUIT PIPES

GALVANIZED WATER LINE & FLUSH PIPES
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS (BSS)

Orders booked at Factory prices. Licence holders please contact:—

SEN & PANDIT,
Prospect Chambers,
317/321, Hornby Road,
Bombay 1.

Grams: OPANDITO. Phone: 20832.

STEAM & MINING
EQUIPMENT (INDIA) LTD.
101, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

REPRESENTATIVES
FOR
"ABERDARE"
POWER & TELEPHONE CABLES.
"G. P. DENIS"
L.T SWITCH FUSE GEAR
"LINE EQUIPMENT"
H.T. OUTDOOR ISOLATING SWITCHES, SRC LIQUID FUSES
"E.M.P. ELECTRIC"
H.T. & L.T. LIGHTNING ARRESTERS
Calcutta Custom House Clearing Agents, Enquiries Solicited.
(1)

SURENDRA, RAJ KAPOOR
MADHUBALA WASTI
CHITTOR VIJAYA
2nd WEEK.
NOVELTY
2-30, 6-30, 9-30.

Advance Booking starts
Today Daily: 10 to 12 and 3 to 6
PRABHAKAR Pictures
SHILANGANACHE SONE
SHANTA APTE (Cont. S. A. Concerns) Hansa Wadker, Master Vithal.
BABURAO PENDHARKER
Directed and Produced by
BHAL G. PENDHARKER
From SAT. 23rd
SWASTIK
Manecklal Chunilal and Sons Ltd. Release

8th BIG WEEK!
A MUST-SEE
Filmasterpiece! New Theatres' & India's Finest
CHHOTA-BHAI
2-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. 12-30
(Adv. Bkgs. 10 to 12)
MINERVA

CITY & SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Ashad Vad 8, 2005
Muslim: Ramzan 21, 1368
Parsi: Behman 19, 1318
Sunrise: 6-11 a.m.
Sunset: 7-19 p.m.
Hightide: 05-06, 16-44
Lowtide: 10-20, 23-47

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Ordinary meeting, 3-10 p.m. (S.T.).

Today's Engagements

COMMERCE GRADUATES ASSOCIATION: Dr. S. G. Panandikar to speak on "The present economic disequilibrium in India." 6-15 p.m.

YOUTHS OWN UNION: "Manifesto Evening," Cama Library Hall, 6-15 p.m.

INDIA UNITED MILLS EMPLOYEES UNION: Meeting in Cama Hall, Mr. Abidali Jafferbhai presiding, 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY CITY SOCIAL EDUCATION COMMITTEE: Prize distribution by Mr. V. L. Mehta, Jinnan Hall, 6 p.m.

NEW EDUCATION FELLOWSHIP: Mr. Motilal C. Setalvad to speak on "The United Nations Organisation", New Era School, 6-15 p.m.

Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, Director, Tata Institute of Social Science, left for New York to attend the meeting of an Expert Body Criminologists called by U.N.

CLOTH WORTH 15 CRORES LYING WITH AHMEDABAD MILLS

Agents Considering Question Of Closing Down: No Decision Yet

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
AHMEDABAD (By Air Mail)

DEPRESSION is prevailing in markets of Gujarat and as a natural corollary to the depression unemployment is also increasing day by day. Markets have been idle and there are hardly any buyers. Industrial and commercial circles are yet of opinion that there is danger of even greater depression. When the markets are falling down the psychological effect on people also tends more and more towards not buying. Scarcity of money and unemployment is adding fire to this fuel of depression.

Ahmedabad Textile Industry is also passing through anxiety. As a reaction other industries connected or dependent on mill industry are also suffering from this onslaught. Management of several mills are considering the question of closing them as stocks are being accumulated. Upto now National Mills, Bhagvati Mills, Jitendra Mills, Kalyan Mills and others have already closed down while management of Gujarat Cotton Mills, Anand Cotton Mills and Rohit Mills have given notice of closing one shift. Thousands of workers have become unemployed.

On enquiring about this in Industrial circles it is reliably learnt that at a recent meeting of the Millowners' Association there was unofficial but serious consideration about the situation that had arisen due to vast accumulation of stock.

Cloth worth 15 crores of rupees is lying with mills. There are no clients. There is no demand also from other provinces. Under these circumstances it is the opinion of several mill agents that if this situation is to continue for a longer time, to close down the mills is the only the proper course left open for them. Pressure on money already scarce due to accumulation is also engaging the attention of mill agents. No final decision has yet been taken whether to close down the mills or not. But there are indications that if there is no change in Government policy regarding cloth and accumulation of stock continues this mania of closing down of mills will spread more and more.

When Textile Industry, the only chief industry of Gujarat, is in such a critical position the effect of depression is also felt in banking field. Money transaction in Banks has become 40 percent less in a year. Banks have postponed the idea of opening new branches while branches of some banks in rural areas are likely to be closed down.

CLOTH CONTROL A FARCE?

"Continued control on cloth is a terrible farce", is the considered opinion of people, marchants and mill agents. After the Bombay Government withdrew control over coarse and medium cloth, huge accumulated stock is coming into markets. Government has also given permission to sell this cloth for two months. All these factors have led to dumping of cloth in markets. Moreover, there is money scarcity and not so much brisk sale of cloth as expected.

Not only this but foreign cloth such as Mulls, Voils, Poplin, shirting, etc. can be had in a large quantity as desired without any restrictions. It seems that after years of exploitation by Indian Mills people seem in a mood to buy foreign cloth.

Rumours have been afloat in the cloth market that there is to be a fundamental change in the distribution scheme of cloth and yarn. It is also stated that Government may decide to withdraw distribution control, maintaining only price and production control. Some circles are even so much hopeful that they believe distribution control may be withdrawn from August 1, 1949.

The danger of a second famine over Gujarat has passed as a result of good rains last week and the cattle wealth of Gujarat has been saved from falling in the clutches of starvation and death. Farmers tormented by last year's draught are heaving a sigh of relief and are now engaged with double vigour in growing crops. Cattle sent to forests of Panchmahals and other areas for grazing are returning. After the recent rains grass will grow in abundance within a week's time and there will not remain any question of fodder shortage.

Though the famine was more terrible than the historical famine of 1900-1901 yet because of timely steps taken by Government and co-operation of people and strenuous efforts of Congress workers, not a single man died of starvation and also there were not more deaths in cattle than the average during past years. Thus Gujarat of Mahatma Gandhi and Sardar Patel has stood the test and has successfully passed through this terrible ordeal. In the famine-striken area of Ahmedabad District nearly 33 lakhs of rupees have been spent for land improvement and construction of wells and bunds. Rupees 25 lakhs have been given to farmers as Tagavi loans for buying bullocks and other necessary implements of agriculture. Rupees 7 lakhs were given as loans to middle class families who felt shy in doing labour in relief works or who did not accept dole. Rs. 50,000 were spent to supply water in Bhal areas when there was scarcity of water. Government had opened 164 relief works employing nearly 32,000 workers.

AHMEDABAD RADIO

Months have passed since Ahmedabad Radio station came on air. But the hopes cherished and nourished by people of Gujarat has not only not been fulfilled but it has been frustrated by the quality of programmes that are being presented by Ahmedabad Radio station. It is deplorable that programmes presented through the Radio station of the capital of Gujarat do not bring out othe distinct personality of Gujarat.

Sardar Patel had declared in a message at the time of the inauguration of Ahmedabad station that this radio will principally serve the needs of labour class but the labour programme that is presented chiefly contains cheap film music. It seems the opinion of programme setters is that only film music will satisfy labourers. Some talks, short stories and dramas are also presented. But the standard of the short story is very low. It requires some more care in the selection of such short stories. Series of current topics is also disappointing. The practice of calling hardly two or four persons working in newspapers to talk on current topics is not proper. Learned experts on every subject can be had easily. Such experts should also be invited.

The field should not be limited only to few journalists. One evil of this practice is that impartial reviews of Radio programmes, do not find place in local papers. It is clear that the Ahmedabad Radio station has not given serious attention to things which can distinctly put forth the individuality of Gujarat.

SPREAD IDEALS OF CO-OPERATION

Mr. V. L. Mehta's Call

POONA, July 17 (PTI)—Mr. Vaikunt L. Mehta, Bombay's Finance Minister said here yesterdaly that "political democracy had generally been accepted in the country but the need for democratisation in the economic sphere has not yet been fully appreciated."

Mr. Mehta who was presiding over the Silver Jubilee celebrations of the Poona Urban Co-operative Bank visualised an important role for co-operation in the future economic set-up of the country.

Mr. Mehta said there was a lot of "loose talk" about nationalisation but he believed that real socialisation could best be achieved only through the spread of the Co-operative movement in the country. The country stood more to benefit from co-operative societies than large joint stock companies and banks which worked more in the interests of the few who controlled them than those of the masses, he added.

Reviewing the growth of the co-operative movement in the Province, Mr. Mehta said between July 1948 and July 1949, the number of co-operative societies had increased from 8,939 to 10,208.

Of these 600 were multi-purpose ones. There had also been a noticeable increase in the weavers, consumers, housing and agricultural societies. The share capital of co-operative banks had increased in 1947-48 from Rs. 95,00,000 to Rs. 1,24,00,000, the increased capital being most contributed by agriculturists.

Mr. Mehta said the Government had so far been following a policy of giving financial assistance to many of the co-operative societies, but he wondered, whether the time had not come when they should 'cry halt' to that policy. For the very basis of co-operation rested on such societies being self-sufficient.

CONTROLLED RATE OF CHARCOAL

Retailers' Plea For Increased Prices

BOMBAY, Sunday:

At a general meeting of the Bombay and Greater Bombay Retail Charcoal Merchants Association held today under the Chairmanship of Mr. L. J. Patil, a resolution was passed requesting the Government of Bombay to increase the present controlled rate of charcoal by two annas. It was pointed out that it was not possible for the retail merchants to carry on their trade with sufficient profit at the prevailing rates.

THE WEATHER

POONA, July 17. (P.T.I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday:

The shallow depression over the central parts of the country has moved west-north-westwards and lies this morning over Madhya Bharat and the adjoining parts of South-east Rajputana. It is likely to become unimportant.

The monsoon has been strong in the South Konkan and generally active over the rest of the country except in the plains of the East Punjab and the United Provinces and in West Rajputana and South-East Madras.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 18th: Rainfall will be widespread in North-East India outside Orissa, in and near the hills of the West United Provinces and the East Punjab, in East Rajputana, Saurashtra, Gujerat, Madhya Bharat, the West Central Provinces and the Western half of the peninsula. Local rain is likely over the rest of the country outside West Rajputana and South-East Madras where scattered showers are likely.

HEAVY RAIFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Bihar, in and near the Punjab-Kumaon hills, in the Konkan and Malabar during the next 36 hours.

The following is the weather chart showing the maxmum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours and departure from normal with total rainfall from June 1, 1949. Recorded at 8 a.m. I. S. T. on July 17, 1949:—

Abu 80 69 0.4 7.9 minus 7.7 Ahmedabad 91 78 T 3.7 minus 6.4 Ahmednagar 83 71 0.2 3.9 minus 3.5 Bangalore 77 67 0 9.1 plus 4.1 Bhopal 91 76 0.6 13.4 minus 3.9 Bhuj 93 79 0.4 2.6 minus 2.0 BOMBAY 83 78 0.2 37.1 plus 2.2 Calcutta 86 79 0.7 18.4 minus 0.5 Cherrapunji 69 63 5.6 30.6 minus 37.5 Darjeeling 67 58 0.4 42.3 0 Dehra Dun 87 75 0.2 13.2 minus 9.0 Delhi 95 81 0 4.2 minus 3.3 Devagad 85 75 1.6 22.9 Gwalior — 82 0 3.9 — Hanamkonda 81 73 T 16.4 plus 5.2 Honavar 80 71 0.1 44.8 — Hyderabad 81 70 0.4 9.6 plus 2.1. Indore 79 72 1.3 14.2 plus 2.3 Jaipur 93 82 0 6.1 minus 0.6 Jamshedpur 87 77 0.8 25.7 — Jubbulpore 90 — 0.8 13.3 minus 3.8 Kanpur 97 83 0 2.4 minus 5.8 Kodaikanal 63 54 T 8.6 plus 1.6 Kolhapur 77 68 1.7 .2 — Kurnool 89 73 T 6.2 plus 0.6 Madras 92 79 0 5.4 plus 1.8 Mahableshwar 66 62 5.1 66.6 minus 24.6 Marmagao 82 — 2.6 44.6 minus 61. Mussoorie 68 60 0.7 19.1 minus 1.8 Ootacamund 61 55 0.3 9.0 minus 1.7 Poona 80 69 0.5 .32 minus 4.8 Sholapur 81 71 0.8 10.9 plus 4.1 Surat 79 76 4.3 12.7 minus 5.7.

INDIAN ARMY

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

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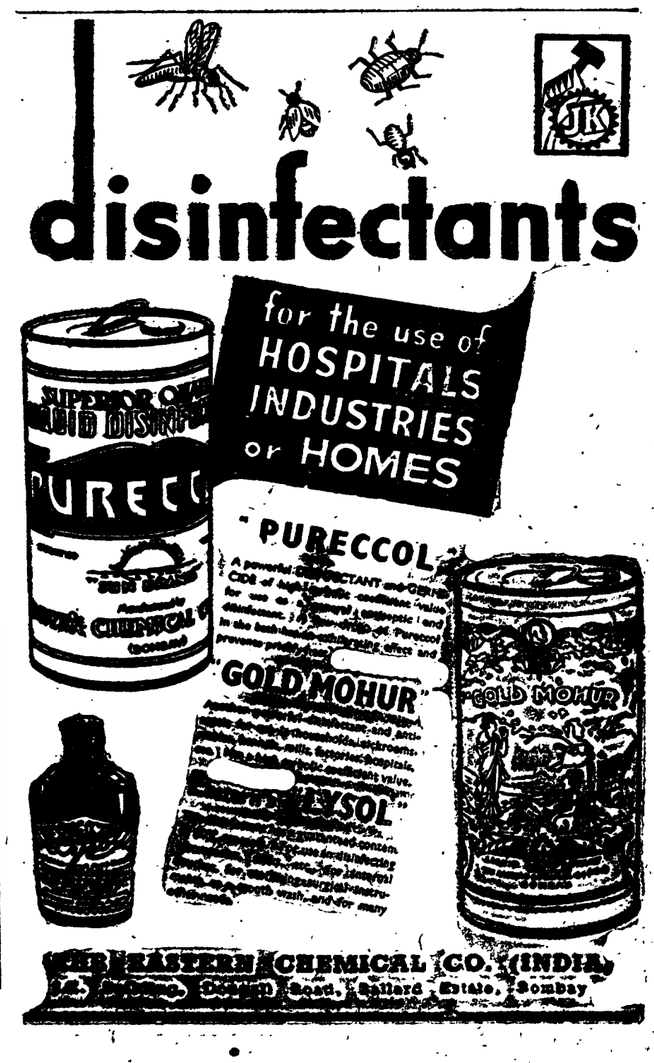
A.C.52



The Bombay Chronicle

Masterpieces are not single and solitary births; they are the outcome of many years' thinking in common, of thinking by the body of the people, so that the experience of the mass is behind the single voice. —VIRGINIA WOOLF.

A DEMOCRATIC OPPOSITION

The Indian Civil Liberties Conference, held under the presidentship of Mr. P. R. Das at Madras, has provided an opportunity for much overstatement of the case for civil liberties. A demand for personal freedom needs no offset of grievances. Mr. Das himself was judicious enough to restrict his presentation to the necessity for ensuring freedom. Others were anxious to make out that the times were very unfortunate and that a kind of dictatorship was slowly settling down on its haunches in India. Mr. Das was mainly concerned with discussing the potential threats to individual liberty and he traced them to the dangers of one-party rule. A democracy, he contended, must have an opposition party as well as a Government. He desired those "who valued freedom to come together and form a truly democratic party" We do not see why those who are in the party which today holds the Government should not also be invited to assert civil liberties. Nor are we greatly enamoured of the frantic call for an opposition party to satisfy the requirements of what is known as democracy. A democratic system allows for opposition and is prepared to give a ear to it. But Indian sentimentalists go very much beyond this when they demand that it should also be given a voice. If there is not an opposition, organised and effective—any other kind is politically worthless—what is the party in power and the people to do? It is possible to argue with a man who says you are not democratic because your measures and acts are dictatorial or bureaucratic. But what can you say to him who dubs you as not democratic because there is no worthwhile opposition to your plans?

Mr. Das might take note in time that there is opposition, and that it is many branched, to the ideas of the Congress. A leftist section is seeking to build on the disunity of India, suggesting that recent trends towards centralisation are detrimental to the people's interests. There are communalists. There are the Communists. All these forces cannot unite and stay united for any length of time. To none of these can Indian nationalism adopt any policy other than that of consistent and relentless opposition, which must mean a strengthening of the Congress Party and of the Government. Mr. Das might ask himself whether he wishes to see any of these or any faction amongst them gaining strength just to satisfy his rather academic fondness for an opposition to the party in power. In politics, in democratic politics particularly, issues are not formed and decided on a theoretical basis but on hard reality. If Mr. Das and any other civil liberatarian desires to have an opposition, let them frame a programme and formulate a policy first. Then it will rest with neither the Government nor themselves even but with the people to decide whether an opposition can be built upon them. Until that is done, it would be wise not to talk of opposition for the sake of democracy.

The Alternatives

The Congress Working Committee, it is announced, is faced with two alternatives in West Bengal: General elections or a reconstituted composite ministry of all Congress parties. The conditions now existing in that province make general elections a rather hazardous move—not because of the possibility of the Congress sustaining a defeat but because of the opportunity it will give to disrupters to add to the confusion and to promote disturbance and disregard for Law and Order. What is required is not a precipitate decision to seek the verdict of the people which will encourage lawlessness in other parts of the country but a period of quite and tranquility in which the forces of Law assert themselves and the people are reassured. Whatever changes are required to effect this should be immediately undertaken. After all, in eighteen months the whole country will face general elections and these months can be utilised for constructive work and for the much-neglected task of organising the party. If the South Calcutta by-election and its aftermath caused so much unrest in Bengal, one can well imagine what will be the consequence of a general election. We are fully aware that people will take a general election more seriously and exercise their franchise with a greater sense of responsibility but that will tell on the result of the voting not on the conduct of the elections Whilst there is a feeling that the Cabinet is not properly formed or not adequately representative of factions in the party, talk of holding general elections is premature. The Working Committee ought to exert itself to set the Bengal Congress house in order first.

It should not be forgotten that even should the elections be decided on, it will be necessary to reconstitute the Bengal Ministry before and after the elections. The second reconstitution is obvious—we assume that the Congress will secure a majority as there is no other party seriously opposing it. If the pre-election reconstitution is not effected, it will mean that the difficult period of the elections will be watched over by the present Ministry which has been already marked as not quite adequate. This means that Bengal gains nothing by the elections immediately and is merely thrown in a condition of instability in order to give Congressmen outside the province a sense of satisfaction. The reception given to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at Calcutta and the feeble response to the obstructionists who were disowned later even by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, are enough answers to those who regarded the South Calcutta vote as an index of the people of Bengal's alienation from the Congress. What has to be done is for the Bengal Congress to set about improving on the courageous pioneering of the Indian Prime Minister and to rally the public against goondas and hooligans who masquerade under political banners. Since the Centre is reluctant to intervene until Bengal is proved beyond the capacity of Bengalees, it should also refrain from placing the burden of a general election on the province for the present.

Tantalus Out-Tantalised

The motorist is a long-suffering fellow. He has need to be. Not a day passes without putting a fresh burden on his endurance and making fresh demands on his knowledge and equipment. The good old days when one just drove along tooting one's horn and seeing everybody clear out of one's way are gone. Traffic islands, one-way streets, no parking boards keep the motoring public cribbed, cabined and confined. The difficulty of distinguishing between the different police notices set up—in addition to "No Parking" and "No Entry" we now have "Turn Left"—all on yellow boards has brought a pinched look on the faces of drivers who seek short-cuts to literacy. The fact that many of them are literally mushroom growths, adds to one's distress. One driver who indulged in a legitimate Saturday afternoon-Monday morning weekend, arrived at his boss's office on Monday to find two yellow boards set back to back. Being one who preferred to be careful rather than sorry, he backed his car away, got out, saluted the twins and asked a literate passer-by to tell him what it was all about. One board read "No Entry"; the other "Turn Left". His car had fronted the "No Entry" sign; his backing had involved him in a slightly right turn which was completely wrong. He was indignant that the immemorial right of motorists to back out of traffic regulations — and other evils like one-way streets—should have been denied him. But, since the spirit of motorists has been crushed by the rapidly descending ceiling of the speed limit, he gave in with many a murmur.

All these mortifications can be endured. But what is now threatening the motoring crowd is a severe strain on ordinary mortals. Towards the end of June, they were told that more petrol would be given them. On July 15, a news item announced that arrangements had been completed and the "Bonus" would be distributed from July 17. There was a brief spell of joy and a quickening of the generous impulse which had lain dormant all these years of petrol rationing. Picnics were planned and, even the messagerate system did not deter the female of the species from communicating their good intentions. The more calculating schemed to substitute some method for keeping down consumption since rationing was practically to be lifted. And, then, on Sunday came the bitter blow: There was to be an immediate cut of 25 per cent immediately to be followed by a 50 per cent slice from August 1. This is the most unkindest cut of all. Tantalus, poor fellow though he was with his food snatched away at the very moment of eating, is not in the same street. For to add to his agony, the message suavely says, "All owners of motor vehicles are informed that no advantage will be gained by 'cashing' their coupons in advance" This is adding insult to deep injury. It is as though Tantalus were solemnly admonished not to snatch and grab at his food. What can the hapless motorist do in this extremity? He can only turn to the consolations of religion. The Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away: blessed be the name of the Lord. Let us pray—for petrol.

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT—

KARACHI, July 16: Sir Laurence Graffety-Smith, British High Commissioner in Pakistan, left here today by air for London.

According to a usually reliable source, he is going to London for consultations with the British Government at which Sir Archibald Nye, British High Commissioner in India will also be present.

Lieut-General Sir Douglas Gracey, Commander-in-Chief of the Pakistan Army, has also gone to London —P.T.I. Reuter.

* * *

In an interview with our London correspondent, Mr. Palme Dutt wanted "to dispel the widespread misconception about Communism spread by its enemies" and emphasised that Communism "has nothing in common with anarchist, terrorist or Putchist tactics".

Yes we agree. The "ism" has nothing in common with them.

* * *

Criticising the policy of the Indian Government Comrade Palme-Dutt asked, "what would Gandhi have said if he had been asked by the British authorities as a condition of release to give a pledge that he would never under any circumstances engage in unconstitutional activity"?

And what would Gandhiji have been doing if he were in the place of Indian Communists of today?

* * *

A new Party, the Natal Indian Union Nationalists, has been formed at Durban, the aims of which are to give allegiance to South Africa, "land of our birth and adoption, and to co-operate with the responsible authorities for the welfare of the country".

"The responsible authorities" we suppose, being the leaders, promoters and administrators, official, and unofficial, of 'Apartheid?'.

* * *

According to a Karachi report, a Pakistan delegation is flying to Kabul to investigate charges that Pakistan planes had bombed Afghan levies on June 12.

This would be the most sensible of all flights.

* * *

The report also adds that the delegation will be led by that eminent Muslim Leaguer Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Pakistan Communications Minister.

Good. It is to be earnestly hoped, however, that he doesn't lecture the Afghan Government and leaders on the iniquity of Pakistan Pathans refusing to de-nationalise themselves.

* * *

The U. S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, has opposed any proposal to cut down the administration's 1450 million dollars military aid programme to back the North Atlantic Pact.

But unless they cut it down, how could Taft and his fellow-anti-Soviet Congressmen vindicate their American wisdom and foresight?

Dr. S. Radhakrishnan

OUR AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW

By Dr. Kalidas Bhattacharay

THIS article, written by a student of Dr. Radhakrishnan, reflects in brief the life and attainments of the philosopher, political and educationist, whose career represents a steady march from 'glory to glory' in the national as well as international fields.

The news of Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan's appointment as India's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the U.S.S.R. has been received with universal warmth and appreciation. In fact, our relations with Russia are not as good as ought to be. International situation has not been particularly helpful in the matter; nor has been the attitude of the Indian communists, whose activities in recent times have only aggravated an already bad situation.

AN INTERPRETER

In fact an ambassador is one who serves as an interpreter to each other of the policies of the two Governments. Without bringing his own passion into it he analyses the situation, conveys it to the parties and helps to smoothen out the differences. For this, Dr. Radhakrishnan is well-suited. Moreover, his learning and knowledge of Indian philosophy and culture will be appreciated in Moscow, which has done more for the interpretation of Vedantism and ancient Hindu scriptures than any other European Capital.

Dr. Radhakrishnan has been respectfully regarded by his countrymen as an ambassador of India in foreign countries since long ago. Whenever he went, whenever he spoke, his impressive presence and erudite and impassioned articulations always helped in the past to promote a better relationship between India and other countries. Now also we have no doubt that his ambassadorial works in the U.S.S.R. will help to forge a genuine friendship between our two peoples, thus ushering in a new relationship, based on mutual understanding and respect for each other.

SUBTLE

Lean, tall and lithe he looks more subtle than stately. His olive skin, oval face and bright brown eyes speak more of intelligence than of majesty. Add to this a milk-white turban, a milk-white dhoti and cream-coloured long coat reaching down to the knees, and you get a curious mixture of the swan and the serpent. For he is clean, delicate and graceful as a swan; and subtle, quick and dazling as a serpent. His calm and balanced attitude to events is bound to impress the Kremlin, which has an instinctive dislike for glamour in diplomacy and for undue publicity.

Radhakrishnan was born on September 5, 1888 in Andhra, and like all true Telegus he puts the name of his native village, Sarvapalli before his surname. His parents were progressive Brahmins and sought to give their boy the best education then available in Madras Christian college and after graduation to the University, where he read deeply in philosophy and widely in general literature.

Radhakrishnan's scholarly gifts were early recognised and he was appointed professor of philosophy at the Presidency college, Madras, while still very young. But the narrow alley of Madras Presidency college soon led him on to the broad avenue of Mysore University; he could now move more freely in the adventure of ideas. His stars seemed to be in the ascendant; he became Vice-Chancellor of the young University of Andhra, his home province. His growing fame had already attracted the notice of Sir Asutosh Mookherji, who was then guiding the destiny of the Calcutta University. So when the George V Chair of Philosophy in that University fell vacant in 1921, his appointment to it followed as a corollary.

Thanks to the educational statesmanship of Sir Asutosh, Radhakrishnan was able to mould a generation of scholars and to shade some lustre on Calcutta University itself. He was now well on the road to international fame; by 1926 he was to sail for England as Upton Lecturer. In the same year he crossed Atlantic as Haskel Lecturer to the University of Chicago. It is but a stone's throw from the Upton Lectures to the Hibbert Lectures which he delivered between 1929-30. The British Government in India suddenly awoke to his importance and relieved itself of its bad conscience by throwing him a Knighthood in 1931.

INTERNATIONAL SPHERE

The year 1936 found him professor of Eastern Religions at Manchester college, Oxford. The reputation he had already built up at Manchester college secured him later on the Spalding Chair of Eastern Religions and Ethics in the same University. Henceforward the humanist in him began to swamp the academic don and he was taken on the "International Committee of Intellectual Co-operation" as a member. The fellowship of the British Academy was merely a feather to his white turban. Purely academic honours now began to seek him out and the

(Continued on Page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Present Discontents

In his remarks on the present unrest in the country, Dr. Radhakrishnan was not very clear. Boiled down, they amounted to this: That the unrest was not due to instigation by outsiders but to the dissatisfaction of the common man with the administration; that social and economic changes have not kept pace with political advance; that we must not do anything to undermine authority and bring about chaos. The diagnosis might be correct but no remedy is pointed out. The men in the Government obviously should hasten social and economic changes; but Dr. Radhakrishna does not promise that the consequence of all this will be beneficial, or conducive to greater peace in the country. Nor does he trouble to say in which direction change should be first undertaken. for social change is a question of priority. The people's innate dislike of violence, he maintains, cannot be active in opposing those who resort to it because they are not happy with the pace of Governmental achievement. This is a facile conclusion which leaves many things unexplained. Why should the peaceful public be more tolerant of violent manifestations than of Government lethargy? Why should our leaders be more ready to admonish the Government and tell the men in office to move faster than they are to counsel patience to the multitude? To these questions, the philosopher gives no answer. But yet they are questions which cannot be ignored

Anti-Red Bloc

Chiang Kai-shek's announcement of the formation of a Far Eastern bloc to fight the Communists is a word to the Chinese Nationalists that they do not stand alone. Behind the Philippines and South Korea who are in with him on the bloc, stands the U.S.A. which will not leave them stranded. Whether this will enable them to throw back the Chinese Reds, is a matter that remains to be seen. The arena of conflict still remains China and the Chinese have to bear the brunt of the campaign. The other two nations have largely a defensive role at present and it is unlikely that they will pass from this to offence. As for the other countries that the Generalissimo hopes to bring in, they will watch developments closely before committing themselves. The Chinese Reds who had an opportunity of consolidating in peace the gains of war, have themselves to thank for casting the chance away. The people of China cannot be grateful for a move which defers peace for a long while.

Liberty Of The Press

Allowing the appeal preferred by the daily "Pratap" against an order of the Chief Commissioner Delhi, forfeiting its security of Rs. 5,000 for having published certain articles and news items, the Full Bench of the East Punjab High Court made several observations which deserve to be taken to heart by all provincial Governments in India. Their Lordships observed inter alia. "The proceedings in the case would appear to show that even innocent and harmless utterances of the press are looked upon with disfavour by the executive authorities." They also declared generally. "The desire to shift legitimate criticism is to be deprecated and the press must be allowed more liberty of expression.". The limits of liberty are not too hard to be defined Speaking generally, the press and the public too may be allowed to express opinions, however, radical, so long as they do not directly or indirectly incite people to violence. Greater liberty should be given to the publication of news so long as they do not suggest resort to violence.

Unfortunate Move

There is fundamentally no harm in the Indians of South Africa owing allegiance to the Union and to no other country, as the new party, the Natal Indian Union Nationalist, just formed at Durban, has proclaimed as its basic principle. In fact, this status of the Indian in South Africa has been the basic difference between the European, who alleges that Indians do not belong to the Union, and the Indian, who holds, quite rightly, that South Africa is the "land of our birth and adoption". But this very difference should have made the organisers pause and think what they were really doing. They are weakening the Indian case and jeopardising Indian prospects by suggesting quite wrongly, as they do, that the oldest, most popular and most representative of Indian organisations, the South Africa Indian Congress, does not regard South Africa as its country and homeland. Their move, even without questioning their motives, is not only inopportune but a stab in the back of the Indian Community in South Africa, let alone India and Pakistan, who are fighting their case. One of the aims those organisers set forth is "to co-operate with the responsible authorities for the welfare of the country." It sounds quite admirable. But what it means in practice is co-operating with the Whites to help forward the policy of "Apartheid", which both white parties profess and pursue in varying degrees; and in cheerfully accepting whatever a Malan or a Smuts decides for them. This is not allegiance to the cause of Indians in South Africa, it is betraying that cause and the self-respect of Indians in South Africa.

Commendable Gesture, But—

It is welcome news that a Pakistan delegation is flying to Kabul today, Monday, to investigate charges that Pakistan planes had bombed Afghan levies n Afghanistan on June 12 last. And we are glad that the Pakistan delegation will be led by a Minister of the Central Government, Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, who is himself a Frontier Province Pathan, although he is a staunch Muslim Leaguer and a Pakistan patriot first. This approach to the differences between Afghanistan and Pakistan constitutes a commendable gesture and, representing as it does, the policy of friendly investigation and discussion as the means to settlement, holds promise of important success. For, a satisfactory ending of the dispute over the alleged bombing of Afghan levies on Afghan territories may well lead eventually to the removal of all major differences and misunderstandings between the two countries. In the circumstances, it is all the more undesirable that Pakistan officials in London should carry on propaganda against Afghanistan. As the U.P.A reports, they have returned to the old set of charges about Afghanistan and the Faqir of Ipi. The tribal leader, it is repeated, had crossed into Afghan territory where he was "accorded a warm welcome". Worse than this charge, however, is the allegation that the Faqir, to quote the U.P.A. report, was being boomed by the Afghans as the potential king of the proposed new State of Pathanistan, which would lie between the Afghanistan border and the river Indus, now part of Pakistan. This sort of propaganda only makes an understanding difficult.

OUR READERS VIEWS

"Fellow Traveller"

"Who is a fellow traveller?" asks reader "Mu Theta" and himself righteously answers: "By the accepted definition.... ", etc. and then ropes in Socrates, Plato, Luther, Bruno, The Nazarene, Shelley, Blake, Galileo, Gandhi as fellow travellers! All except his grandmother. He loves her like poison just because she wanted him when five to wash behind his ears. Ever since he calls her autocrat, tyrant, conservative, bourgeoise, oppressor, counter-revolutionary, fascist and now war-monger! Has in fact "stringed" her on the party line!

The "accepted definition" indeed! Accepted by fellow travellers and "Mu Theta", of course.

Then who is a "fellow traveller"?

A fellow traveller is:

A fellow who thinks he is an intellectual because he can reel off slogans like a phono record;

A fellow who thinks he is not getting what he feels he is worth, so he tries to get a lion's share through "revolution";

A fellow who wants "revolution" but not through his own efforts. Even for that he is lazy and has no guts;

A fellow who hates to do an honest day's work;

A fellow who has never read Marx nor any economic theories;

A fellow who hates liberty because it involves responsibility and self-restraint;

A fellow who hates his country and has therefore become a chaos monger;

A fellow who is more interested in Russia's "new democracy" which is czarist autocracy painted an ugly red;

A fellow who applauds the obverse profile of Hitler, who is Stalin;

A fellow who hates "Fuehrer" and worships "Vozd", while both mean the same thing: social bubonic plague;

A fellow who thinks the police of his own country are always wrong and the Russian police perfect angels;

A fellow who thinks that Stalin whose brains have become fossilized in Marx's thinking of 1850's, is the greatest "thinker";

A fellow who loves Russia at no sight at all, simply because he knows nothing about it; in fact, he is an Absentee Russian;

A fellow who thinks that the Russians are "innocent lambs" whom the "capitalist wolves" are trying to eat;

A fellow who thinks that only Stalin and his camp hangers tell the truth;

A fellow who thinks that a gangster calling himself a "communist' progressive, liberal, etc" has an inherent right to club people, murder, burn, loot and if he is stopped doing that, shouts that "civil liberties" have been suppressed;

A fellow who thinks it is absolutely right "to lie, distort, misinterpret, mislead, cheat in the interest of the cause";

A fellow who thinks civil liberties, freedom of the press, freedom of opinion, right to strike, right to parade, right to have at least one square meal a day, freedom of movement, freedom of employment, freedom to organize opposition, independent judiciary, freedom from the Ogpu, etc, are all counter-revolution in Red Russia;

A fellow who does not realize that communism has degenerated into thugism;

Last but not the least, a fellow who talks of innumerable brave platitudes (slogans) and ends up completely funked.

When Indian patriots have succeeded in sending the British imperialists home, why are Indian fellow travellers, aiding and abetting Indian traitors, collaborators and chaos mongers, bent on inviting the Red Czarist imperialism? Are they already tired of freedom before the nation has even consolidated it that they look forward to be kicked by Russian boots?

Are Indian fellow travellers so feminine that the crackles of Stalin's whip hypnotize them?

Do fellow travellers think that to be ruled from the Kremlin is sweeter than to be ruled from the Whitehall?

Beta, "Mu Theta", think about where you are travelling!

—H. G. MUDGAL

Schools In "Red" District

My attention has been drawn to the news "Complete Evacuation of Prostitutes" in Kamathipura. As this is not the real fact, I wish to clear the facts which are as under:—

There are still prostitutes opposite and near Marathi, Urdu School in Kamathipura 7th Lane viz. in Moos Building and Lambi Chawl? Only some prostitutes who were residing in Arjoonwala Chawl on one side were asked to vacate and they have done so.

It is notable that the undersigned was in correspondence with the Government of Bombay since 18th March 1938, but so far nothing has been done to relieve the poor Kamathipura teneants. It is of utmost importance that all these prostitutes must be asked to vacate without 'any further delay.

Will the Vigilance Branch of the Bombay City Police take a note of this and remove the prostitutes from these premises without any further delay?

—N. B. RAIPELLI

The Public Voice

It has been regretfully noted that public opinion, as expressed through the letters to the press, is rarely paid attention to. There has been an indication that the ordinary Bombay man wants the sweepers' strike to be settled as soon as possible. The worst sufferers from this deadlock are the people living in the poorer areas of the city. How long this disgraceful state of affairs is to continue? The official indifference seems to be difficult to explain. Even the verdict of the high court in the matter seems to have had no effect. There is a talk of going in appeal. Even in ordinary times the health conditions in Bombay are none too good. Periodically the epidemics visit the city and the monsoon is the right season for these calamities. In these circumstances is it wise to prolong the strike or to stand on prestige?

—P. K. PADMANABHAN

S. S. C. Examination

The recent experience of the S.S.C. Examination call for earnest reflection. In the first place the establishmnet of the S.S.C. Board at Poona is inconvenient. Th egreatest number or recognised schools are in Bombay, and Bombay sends up the greatest number of candidates for the S.S.C. Examination. Bombay. is the seat of Government for the large part of the year. There is, therefore, hardly any cogent reason for the seat of the Board to be tied to the the D.P.I.'s Office at Poona, which itself, as a matter of fact, ought to be transferred to Bombay. The printing of papers several days in advance of the Examination dates requires serious thought. It is true that since the examination is a joint one for Commercial & Technical schools there may be difficulties in printing papers in different centres on the day of the examination, but with proper organisation they can be overcome. the number of copies of question papers which is required for different centres should be calculated by responsible officials and should not be left to novices; otherwise the confusion that we witnessed at several centres this year is bound to recur. The bungling in dispatching answerbooks to the examiners concerned this year must be avoided next year and this can he done with only a little more care

Then comes the question of the issue of marks certificates to the candidates. It is a matter for contraversy whether the Board is legally or morally justified in charging two rupees from candidates for supplying them their marks. Every examining body that conducts an examination and charges fees for it, is moraly bound to supply results in detailed marks to all the candidates concerned. Apart from it, in order to facilitate the smooth issue of these mark-certificates to candidates more centres than one at Bombay—Elphinstone Technical School this year —are necessary. Any number of schools in Bombay can be made available for the purpose. There was, naturally a stampede, on the first day for securing marks for many students were seeking admission to the colleges. The peparation and submission of mark-certificates also should be done equally carefully. A student should not receive two certificates, one declaring that he has passed, another declaring that he has failed!

Finally, will the Board seriously attempt to remove the great injustice done yearly to thousands of students who study most of their subjects at schools in their mother-tongue and yet who are presented with question papers framed only in the English Language?

—A. L. MAZMUDAR.

OPEN AIR

Garden lovers vary a great deal in the type of garden they like to make. Some like a strictly formal garden with geometrical flower-beds filled with annuals. Others specialise in roses or dealhias, chrysan-themums of hibiscus, and care little for anything else. Others like a variety but "have no time" for anything that blooms only for a short season, thereby missing a number of the most lovely plants. Personally I detest formality but love colour, and the plants I like best are by no means those which are the most rare! In fact, among my fovourities is the Thunbergia, which grows so rampantly that, given the chance, it would soon cover the whole garden..The Thunbergia is a climber with rough, dark green leaves and long drooping sprays of large, pale mauve flowers, like flattened trumpets opening from bronzy-red sepals. My thumbergia has completely covered a large drumstick tree, which is not good for it, I know, but I never did like drumsticks, and during the last two years I do not think a day has passed without our seeing sprays and sprays of fresh flowers and a carpet of fallen bossoms on the ground under the tree.

—D.R.

THUNBERGIA

TRADES MAINTAIN LEADERSHIP

St. Francis Goans Beaten By Four Goals In Harwood League

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Trades experienced little difficulty in disposing of St. Francis Goans by four goals to nil in the second round of the First Division, Harwood Football League. Trades were all over and a much bigger score should have resulted had Christopher St. Francis's custodian not saved time and again.

Parab and Thomas were seen in their elements and Sanjiva, the goalie had little to do. Reggie Rodrigues did his level best both in defence and attack, but his was a somewhat lone hand and the Goan team failed to combine from the commencement, which resulted in their downfall on a wet ground.

Trades were being foiled in their attempts to open their account by St. Francis Goan's custodian, Christopher who saved a low placed shot from Thomas when a goal looked certain. Then he effected another fine save from a corner kick.

A free kick taken near the side line by Naravan enabled Trades to gain the opening goal in the 12th minute of play Parab headed in the ball after Middlecoat's shot had rebounded from the cross bar Two minutes later Kuppuswamy failed to get the ball headed past a helpless custodian.

St Francis Goans had a free kick, but they failed to take advantage A little later, a nice short passing move was very tamely finished by John Fernandes who just tapped the ball instead of putting it past a helpless goalie.

A few minutes later Trades went further ahead Bhimrao ran down the right flank and centred beautifully for the sharp shooting Thomas to beat Christopher all ends up The goal came only one minute before halftime and Trades were safe with two goals to the good.

St Francis Goans made their usual change when in arrears, Reggie Rodrigues moved to centre forward position, but he was there to play a lone hand in attack Ten minutes after the restart Bhimrao's through pass was converted by Kuppuswamy after Christopher had pushed the ball with his hand on to Kuppuswamy's feet

The Goan side were completely doing the worst and they were unable to get the ball away from the Trades attackers The crowd was treated to some light football when Trades had the entire Goan defence just running about but they were unable to score time and again the ball just coming into the prostrated Christopher's hand

Thomas placed a really fine pass to Kuppuswamy, who dribbled past a defender to score Trades fourth goal in the last but one minute

The Teams TRADES Sanjiva, Maniel, Woodcock Govind, Middlecoat, Narayan; Bhimrao Parab, Laloo, Thomas, Kuppuswamy

ST FRANCIS GOANS Christopher, St Anne R Rodrigues W D Souza, Agre, D'Costa, F Rebeiro, C Braganza, Esebeio, John Fernandes, Assis

PAREL SOCCER

POMBAY Sunday The following are the results of the matches played in the Football League at Parel —

SECOND DIVISION HARWOOD LEAGUE

Indian Gymkhana 4 (Sunderrai, Krishnan Raghwan) Goan Sports 'B' 1 (Menezes)

R I N 3 (Watts, Pereira, Mukadum) Bombay City 2 (Robertson 2)

MUSRY CUP: G I P Rly 'C' 3 (Murray 2, Raymond), Asiatic S C 1

Today's Sports

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

4-30 p.m. Army vs. Lightning S. C. (Practice)

5-45 p.m. Bombay Amateurs vs. Goan S. C (First Division Harwood League)

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4.30 p.m. Globe 'B' vs Dockyard Apprentices (Murry Cup)

5-40 p.m Tata "A" vs. Asbestos Cement.

G.I.P. Railway Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m St. Xavier's H. S. vs. Tutorial H. S. (Fifth Division Harwood League.)

Stop Press

CHINESE REDS' SUCCESSES

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17 (PTI-Reuter): Peiping radio claimed tonight that Communist armies pushing steadily southward occupied thirteen towns and cities last week. The occupied towns included the Yangtse river ports of Ichang and Shasi and the Kiangsi city of Kian. the broadcast said, adding that Communist troops were pouring across the Yangtse west of Hangkow.

POLICE CLASH WITH WORKERS

KANPUR, July 17 (PTI): About a dozen persons, including a sub-Inspector of police and some constables, are reported to have been injured in a clash between the police and members of a workers procession here tonight.

MADAME SUN YAT-SEN

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17 (PTI-Reuter): Madame Sun Yat-Sen, sister of Madame Chiang Kai-Shek is one of 696 sponsors of a new Sino-Soviet Friendship Society being formed in Communist China, the New China News Agency reported by radio tonight.

Ekno Surprises In Cup Event

RACES AT KIRKEE CONCLUDE

POONA, July 17

Following are the results of Kirkee Gymkhana Races, fifth and final day, held to-day:

THE ENNORE STAKES—Distance 5 furlongs.

FLORA (H R Somekh) 8-4 Shankar 1. LEADER (M. Mustafa) 8-7 Boosie 2 ARON (F. S Kerr) 8-4 Sabjan 3. CHIPPON (Maharani Seeta Devi) 8-4 Karkar 4.

Not run. Loyal Prince, Parker Prince, Pessu Pasha, Furat, Tabassum, No No Nanette and Cool and Collected.

Won by. Head, 1 1/2 lengths. 1 1/2 lengths

Time. 1 minute 7 1.5 seconds

Tote paid (Rs. Five Tote). Win Rs. 70 8 Places Rs 14, Rs. 9 8 and Rs. 7.

Winner trained by owner

THE ELLORE STAKES. Division I.—Distance 3 1 2 furlongs.

ARDSOLLUS (P. K. Daruwalla) 11-0 (minus ten yards) K. Sethna 1. FUOC (Rbg R. I. E) 10-10 (minus twenty yards) S Mody 2. USHA (Lt.-Col. Prem Singh) 11-4 (minus forty yards) K. Singh 3. BLUE DIAMOND (H H Daulat) 10-10 (minus 80 yards) S. Captain 4.

Not run: Andaz, Excellent, Juju Lemon, Jeremy, The Pie, Barbara and Sonia.

Won by: Distance, 1 length. 3/4 length

Time: 53 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 12. Places Rs. 8 8, Rs. 12 and Rs. 11.

Winner trained privately.

THE ELLA STAKES. Division I.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

MOONLIGHT (G R. Jadhav) minus 50 yards Umaji 1. ALLAWAL (H. Khan) minus 40 yards Rehman 2. SAMBAJI (B J. Bhosle) minus 70 yards Habib 3 JANDESHWAR (E. B. Nikam) minus 30 yards Sakaram 4

Not run: Sultana, Leo, Jai Hind II, Bharat and Gulab.

Won by: Distance, 1 1/2 lengths. Short head

Time. 1 minute 3 seconds.

Tote paid. Win Rs 23/8. Places Rs. 11 Rs 13 and Rs. 21/8

Winner trained privately

THE ELLORE STAKES. Division II. Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

RAM PIYARI (Miss M Jadhav) 9-7 minus 30 yards Padamjee 1. SHREWSBURY (N M Pagre) 10-4 minus 70 yards Adenwalla 2. GINGER (Rbg R I E) 10-10 minus 20 yards) S. Mody 3 (NSAP (S H Galaria) 10-4 minus 20 yards S. Captain 4.

Not run: Luckyman, Sadiq Pasha, Karan, Naomi, The Sapper, Iqubal and Bright Star

Won by: 8 lengths, 2 lengths, 1 1/2 lengths.

Time: 50 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 6/8. Places Rs. 5/8, Rs 22 8 and Rs. 6.

Winner trained privately.

THE ELLA STAKES. Division II.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

NIGHT QUEEN (K. Khan) minus 50 yards Fakir Mohd. 1. NATH (S. S. Bhadade) plus 10 yards Kadpe 2. RAJA (S K Hussain) plus 10 yards Chowdhary 3 MOTI (J. Bhagwandin) plus 10 yards Gulab 4.

Not run: Sadiq Pasha, Sagar, Sudarshan, Meena and Chandra Mohan.

Won by: 1 length, 3.4 length, Neck.

Time: 54 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 28 Places Rs. 12, Rs 37 8 and Rs. 10/8.

Winner trained privately.

THE ELLENABAD STAKES.—Distance 3 1/2 furlongs.

RAJ (Rajappa Gauli) 8-0 minus 40 yards S. Irani 1. KUTUB TARA (A. Ghani) 8-4 minus 30 yards Siddiq 2. TOFFEE (Master Mody) 7-5 minus 110 yards Owner 3. LAKSHMI (M S. Nikhal) 8-7 minus 20 yards Shivaji 4

Not run: Bright Star.

Won by: 2 lengths, 1 1/2 lengths, 1 length.

Time: 1 minute 10 2 5 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 52 8. Places Rs. 15, Rs. 10 8 and Rs. 18.

Winner trained privately.

THE EKMA STAKES—Distance 6 furlongs.

WHO'S THAT (Ali Akbar) 9-9 B. Vithal 1. EXCELLENT (V. K. Merchant) 8-9 Chunilal 2. FAIR ROSE (K. V. Chavda) 8-5 Katkar 3. GURJARI (Maharani Seeta Devi) 9-1 Lagad 4.

Not run: Untamed Prince, Luminary, Parwin, Bentex and Khyber.

Won by: 4 lengths, 1/2 length, 2 lengths.

Time: 1 minute 23 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 13 Places Rs. 5 8, Rs. 5/8 and Rs. 5/8.

Winner trained privately.

THE KIRKEE GYMKHANA CLUB CUP—Distance 9 furlongs.

EKNO (Rbg. R. I. E.) 11-4 minus 80 yards Lt.-Col. Kakar 1. THE PIE (Mr. Umrigar) 11-4 minus 70 yards J. Umrigar 2 KARAN (H. C. Batra) 10-0 minus 90 yards Padamjee 3. VIJAY (S S P. M. School) 12-0 minus 150 yards Taiyarkhan 4

Not run: Yawar, Faulte, Blue Diamond, Barbara, Jeremy, Insaf and Puoc.

Won by: 3/4 length, 2 lengths, 1/2 length.

Time: 2 minutes 18 seconds.

Tote paid: Win Rs. 87. Places Rs. 16/8, Rs. 12 and Rs. 7/8.

Winner trained privately.

Daily Double Event Pool: Three tickets each paying Rs. 359.

WEDDING BELLS WILL SOON BE CHIMING FOR MABEL BRODIE

BOMBAY'S TABLE TENNIS DARLING TO WED IN SINGAPORE

BOMBAY, Sunday.

WEDDING bells will soon be chiming for chic, petite Mabel Brodie, for nine years a front-ranker in Indian Table Tennis, thrice national champion and a triple-crown winner. She is leaving tomorrow by the s.s. 'Carthage' for Singapore, there to wed Mr. Peter Hayes, a rubber planter.

Thus leaves a polished Table Tennis player who, with her dash and spirit and "offensive" play, has all these years delighted thousands of Bombaymen. She has never been a sloppy player, never over-cautious in her approach to the game; she has always believed in putting some warmth and courage into every stroke of the bat; and in almost every move there was grace and punch.

Mabel's rise to stardom was as spectacular as it was deserved. 'Way back in 1940 (when she was a mere 16-year-old kid), she was selected to represent Bombay in the National championship tournament as a substitute for the bright hope of those days, Antoinette D'Souza. So, off to Delhi she went as a substitute, AND CAME BACK WITH THE NATIONAL TITLE! This magnificent triumph she repeated in 1946 and in 1948. It must be recalled

that she is still the Women's Singles National Champion of India, for during the championship matches played at Colombo during January, 1949, the Women's Singles final was abandoned and the title fell vacant—hence, Mabel Brodie remains the Champion.

She has won the triple crown (singles, doubles, mixed doubles) only once in her career. This was at Simla in the Invitation Tournament. From 1940 (when as a substitute she bagged the National Championship) right up to this year, Mabel has represented Bombay in all National Tournaments.

Her latest achievements are the Doubles title (with Gool Nasikwala) and the Mixed Doubles title (with Ossie Dyer) at the recent Byculla Y.M.C.A. Tournament. Mabel says that her best match was the one she played in 1942, when she outclassed Antoinette D'Souza, the then leading player of Bombay, at the Y.M.C.A., Byculla. The last match she played in Bombay—the Mixed Doubles with Ossie—also went as a fitting triumph.

Mr. Hayes whom Mabel will soon be marrying at Singapore was in England when she went over there in March 1948, and it was there that the romance started.

All Bombay will be missing this graceful and charming Table Tennis Queen, but will nevertheless wish her all the best in the new life she is soon to step into.

MUGWE AND ULLAL WIN KEEN FINAL

First Two-Day Badminton Tournament A Success

BOMBAY, Sunday:

THE TWO-DAY Open Badminton Doubles Tournament organised on the American lines by the Hindu Gymkhana concluded this evening, and the honour of winning the first of these novel tournaments went to the international representatives of India, Bala Ullal and Datta Mugwe, who won the final from Hency Ferreira and Homi Taleyarkhan only after the full three games were played.

Mugwe and Ullal, who had disposed off Lewis and Modiram Desai in the semi-final round started the first game with a lead of more than four points in the earlier stages of the game, but then on they made a lot of mistakes, and Henry and Homi overtook them at twelve, and from then onwards the champions could do nothing against the accurate display of Henry and his partner, who won the game at 15-12. In the second set Ullal and Mugwe found it difficult to curb Henry and his partner who took early lead and led 5-2, but a couple of mistakes saw the champions recover from their lost position and they drew level at eight all. Henry, who seems to be the most improved player from among those of our players who went to the U.S.A. and Canada and then to England, gave a good account of himself and helped by Homi's good play, they forced the champions to play the extra points in the second game, and a change in the shuttle signalled the downfall of the pair. Ullal and Mugwe won the second game at 18-13, and in the third and final game they gave absolutely no chance to their opponents at all, and took a flying lead of 10-1, for which the daring tactics of attacking the opponents for which they are only too wellknown, proved to be too much for Ferreira and Taleyarkhan. A brilliant recovery by the latter which helped them to come to within two points of their opponents, failed to yield better results, and Ullal and Mugwe won the championship by two games to one.

Mr. Shantaram A Shete, the President of the Hindu Gymkhana distributed the prizes to the winners. In this particular tournament in the place of the usual trophies, the winners were presented with, badminton rackets, which from the winners' point of view is far better than any ups that they might have received. It is hoped that more clubs will follow up this lead.

The secretary of the committee, Mr. L. R. Agaskar in his speech dwelt upon the idea of holding more tournaments on these lines, and expressed a hope that his club hold another tournament on the same lines in all the events and it is very likely that at the end of the season an identical tournament will be held for the women players as well.

The following were the results:—

MEN'S DOUBLES

Quarter-finals: D. G. Mugwe and E. V. Ullal beat K. S. Tiley and K. M Jadhav, 15-7, 15-3; H K. Taleyarkhan and H. Ferreira beat G. P. Shirke and B. R. Agaskar, 15-6, 15-9; M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhorpardikar walk over C B. Kalappa and S. S. Parulekar; G. Lewis and M. N. Desai beat G S. Kalyanpur and C. P. Merchant, 15-11, 17-14

Semi-finals D. G. Mugwe and BG. V. Ullal beat G. Lewis and M. N. Desai, 15-5, 15-9; H. K. Taleyarkhan and H Ferreira beat M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhopardikar, 18-15, 15-6.

Final: D. G. Mugwe and E. V. Ullal beat H. K. Taleyarkhan and H Ferreira, 12-15, 18-13, 15-10

prize: M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhopardikar beat G Lewis and M N. Desai, 15-11, 15-12

COLOURS TO R. I. A. F. FOOTBALLERS

Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst, CAS & C-in-C, RIAF presented Sport Colours to 15 selected RIAF Football players, at the New Delhi RIAF Station, on July 12. These players form a team which will represent the RIAF in the Inter-Services Football Championship to be held in Calcutta by the end of this month. Sgt. B. N. Bhattacharya receives a white silk scarf from Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst CAS & C-in-C, RIAF. The Sport Colours presented to the RIAF selected Football players are seen on the table. Wing Commander M. Ramanny, OC RIAF Station is at right.

Earl Cochell Beats Drobny

GSTAAD (Switzerland), July 17 (PTI-Reuter): Earl Cochell, United States, today defeated Jaroslav Drobny, Czechoslovak lawn tennis star, 3-6 6-3 2-6 6-3 7-5 in the final of the men's singles in the Swiss International Championships.

Drobny, who last week defied an order by his Government to return to Czechoslovakia, was given a tremendous reception by the crowd.

Women's doubles title was won by the South Africans Mrs. Summers and Mrs. Watermeyer who beat Americans Shirley Fry and Mrs. Bihbany 8-6 6-2

Finals of women's singles, men's singles, men's doubles and mixed doubles will be played tomorrow.

The men's doubles will see Drobny and Cernik opposed to the Germans Beuthner and Goepfert, the Germans beating Earl Cochell (United States) and P. Mesip (Spain) in a semi-final today 6-4 1-6 6-3. It was because of the German participation and a Spaniard that the Czech Government issued the order for the Czech to return home and which led to their decision not to go back to Czechoslovakia.

In the other men's doubles semi-final Drobny and Cernik beat F. Wisz (Austria) and F. Puncec (Yugo.) 6-3 3-6 6-2 while the British women's pair of Miss Curry and Miss Tucker were knocked out of the women's doubles semi-final by Rihbany and Fry 8-6 6-3.

JUNIOR ATHLETES CLUB ROAD RACES

BOMBAY, Sunday: Bombay's Junior Athletes responded splendidly, even inspite of the inclement weather that prevailed in the early hours of the morning. These Juniors have certainly set our Olympic stars and seniors an example turning up under all conditions.

Nineteen competitors faced the starter in half mile road race for boys under fifteen, which took place round the Oval. The start was at Queen's Road and Kenneth Oliver of St. Mary's High School jumped into the lead setting a fast pace. He maintained his lead right up to the Bandstand but then Bangera overtook him at the curve, but with a sudden burst Anthony Sequeira of St. Xavier's College breasted the tape. Oliver stood third, with a truly creditable performance.

In the one mile road race for Senior boys seventeen competitors entered and Perry D'Souza took the lead maintaining his position up to the Eros, but thereafter Sheena and Andrade overtook him and Andrade making a grand fight beat Sheena with a timing of .5 minutes and 12 seconds.

The following were the results:—

880 yards run (boys under 15):—A Sequeira (St. Xavier's College) 1, N. Bangera (K. A. C.) 2, K. Oliver (St. Mary's) 3. Time 2 min. 25 secs.

One mile (boys under 18): Oliver Andrade (Goan Sports) 1, Sheena (K. A. C.) 2, Perry D'Souza (St. Xavier's College) 3. Time: 5 min. 12 secs.

Lucknow As Venue For U.P.—Commonwealth Match

BENARES, July, 17 (PTI).

The forthcoming cricket match between the U. P. Governors' eleven and the Commonwealth team will be held at Lucknow, announced the President of the U. P. cricket Association, Maharajkumar of Vizianagar, after the general meeting of the Association held today

The President of the U. P. C. A. in a press statement said that today's meeting unanimously welcomed the suggestion of the Governor Sir H. P. Mody to fix the venue of the match at Lucknow both for reasons of general convenience and because of the consideration that Allahabad had had the privilege of seeing cricket played by foreign team and it was more desirable to give other centres a chance.

The meeting also resovled to request the Board of Control for Cricket in India to have one test match played in the United Provinces suggesting that it was in this province that India's honour was vindicated as two international sides were beaten in their tours right through the country—that of England in 1934 and the West Indies in 1949.

Secunderabad Races

HANDICAPS FOR WEDNESDAY

Hyderabad (Dn.) July 17 (PTI): The following are handicaps for the fourth day of Secunderabad Races to be held on July 20, 1949 (Wednesday):

THE "COVENTRY" PLATE 1-1|4 miles (Horses Class IV)

Sea Peagent 9.7, Mighty Atom 9.4 Deep Purple 9.0, Pom Pom II 8.10, Mr. O.K. 8.6 Surprising 8.4, Lord Andrea 8.0, Royal Express 7.12, Kubaira 7.12 March On 7.11, Brother Scribe 7.10, Hurry On 7.10, Ma Belle 7.8, Princess Sherzade 7.4.

THE R.C.T.C. CUP Div I) 6 furlongs (Indian Horses Class "A".)

Big Hearted 9.4, Chetna 9.2, Lady Bird 9.0, Prize Bond 8.13, Mr. Rambier 8.2, Peppermint 8.10, Robin Adair 8.8, Puri Pakodi 8.7, Charpala 8.6, Trunk Call 8.3 Libas 8.3, Miss Harmony 8.3, Duches of Ramgarh 8.2 Queen of Bannockburn 8.1, Win Again 8.1, Post to Post 8.0, Night Frolic 7.13, Dominic's Girl 7.11, Theresa's Gift 7.7 Royal Gambler 7.4, Salma (not qualified) Sal Mubarak (withdrawn).

THE R.C.T.C. CUP (Div. II) 6 furlongs (Indian Horses Class "A").

Princess Marnock 9.4, Peace 9.2, Galatea 9.0, Broadcast 8.13, Gleaming 8.12, Raj Luxmi 8.10, Widad 8.10, Nagris 8.8 Look Out 8.6, Happiness 8.5, Kesar Girl 8.3, Khushroo 8.1, Al Kajora 8.1, Alma 7.12, Rose of India 7.10, Rio Rita 7.9, Yankee Doodle 7.7, Highland Reel 7.6, Keep Smiling 7.4, Kesarsing (withdrawn), Jehangir (withdrawn), Sweet Kay (withdrawn)

THE LAHORE PLATE 1 mile 1-1|2 furlongs (Indian Horses Class 'B'.)

Pearl Mahal 9.4, Sugar Palm 9.3, Missing Link 9.1, Zalim 9.0, Onyx 8.12, Draupadi 8.10, My Baby 8.9, Inch Fad 8.8, Ajmal 7.4, Boswell 8.6, Bounty 7.12 Hot Stuff 7.4, Kalyan 7.4, Patricia's Choice (not qualified) Bonzo (not qualified.)

THE MESOPOTAMIA PLATE five furlongs (Arabs Class I).

Dahman Ahmad 9.7, Mandub Al Gharb 9.5, Pukar 8.13, Assaf Mahmud 8.10, Indian Flower 8.9, Maha 8.8, Sharjeel 8.6, Rabie Al Khair 7.12, Young Krush 7.10, Head Worker 7.5, Harqu Dahman 7.5, Mars 7.4, Naufal 7.4.

THE MOIN-UD-DOWLA MEMORIAL CUP 1 mile 1-1|2 furlongs (Arabs Class II).

Mountain Ash 9.4, Mosaki Pasha 9.0, Heather 8.12, Khalaf Al Hawa 8.8, Peter 8.7, Duwish Al Furat 8.5, Nassr Daud 8.1, Hilal Salam 8.1, Khisf Al Ilah 7.13, Dahman Yunus 7.9, Prince Faisal 7.8, Fariq 7.4, Golshan (not qualified).

WATER POLO LEAGUE IN BOMBAY

Backbay Baths Trounced By Golwalla "C"

BOMBAY, Sunday: The following are the results of the matches played in the Golwalla Waterpolo League played at Golwalla Baths:—

Golwalla 'B' 13 (Jhabwalla 4, Lam 4, Daruwalla 4, Vajifdar 1) Backbay Baths 0.

Young Swimmers Union 'B' 8 (Chandnani 4, Mehta 2, Bhatia 2), Maccabi 'B' 1 (Meyer 1).

Dharampore Boat Club 7 (Shroff 6. B. Dalal 1), Young Swimmers Union Reserve 2 (Pyarelal 1, Haridey 1)

Cusrow Baug 3 (Shroff 2. Lakdawalla) Golwalla 'C' 2. (Dadachanji, Daruwalla).

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE TABLE TENNIS

Entries Close 31st. July

BOMBAY, Sunday: The St. Xavier's College Open Table Tennis Championship will commence on Thursday, August 4th and entries close on Sunday 31st July at 8-30 p.m. and should be forwarded to Mr. C. D. Masters, C/o. St. Xavier's College, Cruickshank Road, Bombay 1.

Besides the usual events for men and women there are the Juniors Singles and the Veterans Singles.

MISSED TRIPLE CROWN NARROWLY

Mrs. Gool Nasikwala, who retained her singles and doubles titles and lost in the final of the mixed doubles at the Byculla Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis Championships that concluded on Saturday.

Brown To Lead England In Third Test

LONDON, July 17, (PTI-Reuter).

A new captain is among the several changes made in England's team to play New Zealand in the third cricket test beginning at Manchester next Saturday.

The team will be chosen from: F. R. Brown (Nothamptonshire), (Captain), W. Edrich (Middlesex) T. Bailey (Essex), R. Simpson (Nottinghamshire), Dennis Compton (Middlesex), Hutton (Yorkshire), Washbrook (Lancashire), Evans (Kent), Hollies (Warwickshire), Laker (Surrey), Jackson (Derbyshire), and Close (Yorkshire).

In appointing Brown, the selectors stated that they had invited him to captain England in the remaining two rests this season because George Mann was very doubtful whether he would be available next season. Mann has been co-opted in the selection committee for the rest of this season.

Only six members of the second test team remain. They are Edrich, Bailey Compton Hulton, Evans and Hollies.

Brain Close, Yorkshires eighteen year old lefthanded bat and right arm offspin bowler, may get his chance, and another newcomer to test cricket is Leslie Jackson, Derbyshire six foot fast medium bowler.

Brown, who is thirty-eight, has played in six tests, five of them against New Zealand teams.

The decision as to who will be left out of the twelve depends on the fitness of Washbrook who is playing at present in his first game after resting injured thigh, or on the state of the pitch.

R

SALE OF SEMOLINA AND PEARL BARLEY.

ARRANGEMENTS have now been made for the sale of semolina and pearl barley at all the Government Grain Shops and at the shops of the Authorised Retail Dealers. Consumers can buy these stocks freely from any of the Government Shops or the Shops of the Authorised Retail Dealers on production of the ration card of the head of the family. The retail price of semolina is As. 6/- per lb. and that of pearl barley is Re. 0-5-6 per lb.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Sealed tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase and removal of approximately 65 lakhs feet of 35 mm Time Barred Film, available at Ordnance Depot, Sewri, Bombay. Most of these Films have proved to be in serviceable condition on recent tests; no guarantee can, however, be given about their serviceability.

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Tenders should be addressed to the Director-General of Disposals, M. M. & H. Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi so as to reach him by 4 P. M. on 22-8-49.

Issued by

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS,

NEW DELHI.

A.C. 53

Short-Term Measures To Conserve Dollar

AGREEMENT EXPECTED ON MONDAY

LONDON, July 17 (PTI-Reuter).

FINANCIAL advisers and technical experts to the Commonwealth Finance Ministers met here separately and together during the week-end. They were preparing for what will probably be the last meeting of the Ministers on Monday.

The work of the now five-day-old conference will be recorded in an agreed minute which will not be published, but a communique will be issued.

Agreement on short-term dollar import cuts by Commonwealth countries probably be reached tomorrow, according to conference circles Decisions will be subject to approval by the Government.

On long-term plans, the conference has already approved in general last Sunday's communique on the talks between Sir Stafford Cripps, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. John W Snyder, United States Treasury Secretary, and Mr. Douglas Abbott, Canadian Finance Minister.

SINGLE SYSTEM

This communique declared that the aim of American, British and Canadian financial policy was a pattern of world trade in which dollar and non-dollar countries could operate within a single multilateral system. The communique added all parties concerned must be prepared to review their policies with this in view.

The communique which will register the achievements of the conference, will be discussed and agreed upon on Monday, authoritative sources said yesterday. It would be sent to all Commonwealth Governments.

The financial advisers and technical experts today were understood to be considering among other matters the best form for continuing consultative arrangements on the sterling areas dollar position. They are expected to report on this to the Finance Ministers Leading officials from the Commonwealth Delegations will remain behind in London for another week after the Ministers end their talks.

INDIA'S PART IN LONDON TALKS

Harold Wilson's Tribute

LONDON, July 16 (PTI-Reuter):—The countries of the sterling area should have a common plan and co-operate with each other to overcome the economic difficulties facing them Mr. Harold Wilson, President of the British Board of Trade, told a meeting of Indian students in London last night, cables PTI representative in London.

Mr. Wilson added that the sterling area countries were for the first time meeting together to solve the problem of getting proper prices for their products in a buyers' market

Mr. Wilson expressed gratefulness for the co-operation which India was giving and said that she was playing a leading part in the important economic talks now going on in London.

The President was speaking at the guest of honour at the annual dinner of the Indian Students' Union which is run by the Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Wilson expressed the view that with Commonwealth assistance and the co-operation of western Europe, a solution of the present economic crisis would be found

Dr. S D. Mahaiperuman warden of the Indian Students' Union hostel, thanked Mr. V K. Krishna Menon, Indian High Commissioner, for his sincere interest in the welfare of the Indian students.

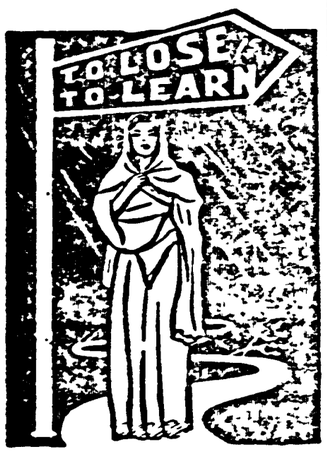
Mr. Krishna Menon said that there were 2,300 Indian students in England, most of them in London The heads of educational institutions in Britain had given him good reports of the work of Indian students and he was sure that the student population was a credit to India.

Mr. Menon referred to recent events in India, but he was confident of the future as he had faith in the fortitude of the people and the wisdom of the leaders.

Cripps To Arrive In Switzerland On Tuesday

BERNE, July 16 (PTI-Reuter)—Sir Stafford Cripps, British Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Lady Cripps will arrive in Switzerland on Tuesday for a rest, the Swiss Government announced in a communique tonight.

The visit would be private, the announcement added.



'GOPINATH' is the story of a lover who lost and learnt.

CAMPAIGN FOR FORMATION OF KARNATAK IN FULL SWING

Youth Conference To Devise Ways Of Achieving Mysore's Merger

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HUBLI, July 17.

CAMPAIGN for the merger of Mysore in the Karnatak Province is going on in full swing. The youth of Karnatak, especially of Mysore have come forward to mobilise public opinion in this respect. Batches of young workers are touring Karnatak and it may not be long when similar batches tour the length and breadth of Mysore State.

The keenness of the Kannada youth in securing a separate Karnatak Province is evident from their decision to hold a conference of their own at Davanagere (Mysore State) when ways and means of achieving Mysore's merger which is one of the main obstacles in the way of formation of United Karnatak are expected to be discussed.

The conference which is scheduled to take place during the last week of this month will be presided over by Mr. S. V. Krishnamurthi Rao, Member of the Indian Constituent Assembly. Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, President of the Republican Party of India is expected to inaugurate the conference.

PRESS REACTION

The conference is gaining support day by day from the public and the press as well. Vishala Karnatak, a local Kamnad daily in an editorial on July 13 welcome this move of the youth. Lending its whole hearted support to the Davanagere conference the paper wishes every success to the agitation that might be carried on as a result of its deliberations. The paper criticises the inactivity of the leaders of the province with regard to so vital a problem as formation of United Karnatak and warns them that if they are not alert now the youth of the province were sure to usurp the leadership.

POSTPONE NOMINATION

Telegrams on behalf of the Conventional Committee of the Conference of Peoples of Kannada Merged States have been sent to the Governor General of India and the Premier of Bombay Province urging postponement of filling the seats allotted for States representatives in the Bombay Legislative Assembly by nomination.

In a letter addressed to the Hon. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, Government of Bombay, Mr. Patil Puttappa, President of the Conventional Committee says that that a convention of the representatives of the people of the merged States is shortly to be held to express opinion on the Bombay Government's proposal of nominating representatives to the Bombay Legislature.

The tenor of public opinion was opposed to method of nomination and as such the Bombay Government would do well to withhold the nomination for three weeks and take into account the considered opinion of the conference, he adds. He concludes with the remark that in case the Government did not pay any heed to this appeal the people of the merged States would have to take steps to arrange for the expression of their opinion in a suitable manner.

CODE OF HONOUR FOR PAKISTAN EDITORS

KARACHI, July 15 (PTI-Reuter): The Standing Committee of the Pakistan Newspapers Editors Conference has approved a code of honour for members of the P.N.E.C. The code includes the following:—

(1) Nothing shall be published in news or views which may injure the security or the stability of the State.

(2) Nothing shall be published which may lower the morale of the people and create in them alarm and despondency.

(3) The administration of law and justice shall not be brought into contempt or ridicule and nothing shall be published which lowers the prestige of the Judiciary.

(4) State secrets shall not be divulged when their publication is likely to injure the interest of the State

(5) Attacks shall not be made on foreign states with which Pakistan is on terms of friendship, but fair criticism of foreign Governments is permissible.

(6) Nothing shall be published which brings into contempt and ridicule the defence forces and members of foreign diplomatic services.

(7) Nothing shall be published against members of the Government, Central and Provincial, which are malicious or defamatory in character. Legitimate criticism of their policies and actions is permissible.

MADRAS GRANT TO MRS. COUSINS

MADRAS, 17, (PTI): The Madras Cabinet yesterday decided to give a lumpsum grant of Rs. 5,000 to Mrs. Margaretii Cousins a political sufferer In pursuance of Madras Government's decision to grant lands to political sufferers the case of Mrs. Cousins came for review. As it was felt that Pand would be of no use to her it was resolved to sanction a lump sum grant. Mrs. Cousins is an Irish lady and wife of Mr. James Cousins former Principal of Madana palle This sophical College. Mrs. Cousins had taken a prominent part in the political freedom struggle in India. She was imprisoned for eight months for participating in 135 movement. She is now suffering from rheumatism and is now in Adyar.

COMMUNIST CABINET FOR HYDERABAD

List Among Papers Seized By Police

HYDERABAD, July 17, (PTI): A piece of paper containing the names of what is believed to be a projected "Communist Ministry" for Hyderabad State is reported to have been found among the large quantity of Communist literature" seized by the Special Branch of the Hyderabad Police

The search followed the arrest of Mr. Azmatullah Khan Qaiser, General Secretary of the League of Democratic Youth, Hyderabad on July 7 in Hyderabad City.

The personnel of the "Communist Ministry" as contained in Paper is stated to be: "Mr. Makdoom Mohiddin, Prime Minister; Mr. Azamatullah Khan Qaiser, Deputy Prime Minister Mr. S. Gupta, Finance Minister; Mr. Jawad Razvi, Judicial Minister; Mr. R. Naravana Reddy, Foreign Minister, Mr. Raliah, Home Minister, Mr. Mohamed Qasim Aziz Labour Minister; Dr Raj Bahadur Gowd, Education Minister; Mr. M. A. Aleem, Railway Minister; Mr. Samad Razvi Communications Minister and Mr. Kishenlal, Police Minister."

Some of the "Ministers" are now in custody, it is stated.

MADHYA BHARAT EFFICIENCY DRIVE

Minister's Surprise Visit

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, (By Mail)

As a part of his regular drive against slackness in Government Departments Shri Shyamlal Pandaviya, Madhya Bharat Minister for Railways and Public Works Departments, suddenly paid several surprising visits to many out-of-the-way Railway Stations and road-building centres.

This created a desirable atmosphere in the working of some of his departments.

During his tour of Gwalior Region of this Province, he did not occupy any of the big Government Bungalows already lying vacant, but stayed at his old and small family house in Morar, a suburb of the Greater Gwalior.

The Jayaji Pratap, the official semi-weekly organ of the Madhya Bharat Government is shortly expected to be radically changed, accordingly to reliable sources. It is at present being run as a regular newspaper in competition with other newspapers of the Province and is named after the grandfather of the ruler of the merged State of Gwalior. This is inviting bitter criticism from journalistic circles. It will be published twice in a month in the future as Government Information Bulletin without any paid advertisement in it, it is presumed.

MEETING AT BIAORA

A secret meeting of an undeclared group within the Madhya Bharat Provincial Congress Committee is being held at Biaora, a central place of the Province, in order to decide the future course of political tactics of that particular group in connection with the forthcoming election of the President of the P.C.C.

A controversy has been started here about certain contracts recently given by the Government. A local newspaper says that a Minister has given some contracts to his Hindu-Sabhaite friend and neighbour at an extravagant rate causing loss of about Rs 10,000 to the Government.

The other opinion is that the Minister gave the contracts at a reasonable rate to the most efficient Contractor available with the only consideration of public good and that some contracts were also given to the Secretary of a local Congress Committee, which proves his impartiality It is also said that the preliminaries of the contracts were already sanctioned by the former Minister and the present Minister only gave formal sanction to them.

BOMBING OF AFGHAN TERRITORY

Pakistan Delegation For Talks

KARACHI, July 17, (PTI-Reuter): A three-man Pakistan Delegation headed by Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Communications Minister will proceed to Kabul to hold a joint enquiry with Afghan representatives into the alleged bombing of Afghan territory by a Royal Pakistan Air Force plane on June 12.

Announcing this a Pakistan Foreign Ministry communique said the other members of the delegation will be Lt. Col A. S. B. Shah, Secretary to the Ministry of States and Frontier Regions and Squadron Leader J. Khan.

The members of the delegation due to reach Kabul on July 18, will be the guests of the Afghan Government during their stay there.

The Pakistan and Afghan Governments recently agreed to hold a joint enquiry into the bombing incident.

DESTROYING WHITE ANT PESTS

Forest Institute's Cheap Technique

NEW DELHI, July 17, (PTI): White ants can be destroyed at a cost of two annas a mound according to the Forest Research Institute, Dehra Dun.

A technique for the destruction of this pest has been developed as a result of experiments extending over a period of two years at the Research Institute.

Half an ounce of any of the insecticides DDT, Gammexane or Hexyclan disssolved in a kerosene tin full of water will within three days completely destroy a colony of white ents living in an ant-hill or about 20 cubic feet volume. The solution should be "well stirred and poured into holes made at the top and the sides of the mound" the Institute advises.

The cost of the treatment, according to the Institute, "will not exceed two annas a mound of average size."

Heavy Rain In London

LONDON, July 16 (PTI-Reuter)—Violent local thunderstorms and torrential rain broke the long heatwave in London and parts of the southern and Central England today. One London train was flooded and another struck by lightning, while lumps of masonry were knocked from one of the towers of the city's famous tower bridge and fell 160 feet to the roadway below. Fire brigades answered dozens of calls to help clear flooded streets. In a children's playground in Kensington Gardens, seven sheep sheltering under a tree were killed by lightning.

Burmese Labour Leader Arrested

RANGOON, July 16. (U. P. I.): U. Tha Noe, President of the Burma Railways Labour Union, has been arrested by the police under Sec. 5 POPA Act and is detained in the Rangoon jail.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

Tender No. CXD/A.T.—6 (C. & D.)

Tenders are invited for the purchase and removal of the following surplus canvas and duck

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed forms which can be had from the Office of the Textile Commissioner; Section ADV, Bombay and from the Director General of Disposals, New Delhi and Regional Commissioners (Disposals), Calcutta, Kanpur and Madras at Rs 5/- per set (non-refundable) by Cash/Money Order. Tender forms contain full particulars of stores, their location and reserve prices, instructions to tenderers, date of receipt and opening of tender, conditions of sale and inspection permit.

MATERIAL	LOCATION AND QUANTITY OF STORES.		
	BOMBAY.	KANPUR	CALCUTTA/DUM DUM.
1. Canvas of various kinds.	6,390 yds.	85,400 yds.	6,915 yds.
2 Duck of various kinds.	14,200 yds.	1,49,500 yds.	4,45,745 yds.

The sale is subject to the general conditions of Contract 'Con 117'. Tenderers are required to pay 10% of the value of the stores as Earnest Money Deposit. The stores are sold on 'as is where is' basis. This office reserves the right to withdraw whole/part of the items of the stores offered for sale. Purchasers will be required to pay 1% of the sale value of the stores as stamping charges.

Export of the material will be recommended, if desired by the purchaser.

Tenders should be addressed to the Textile Commissioner, Disposal Branch, Ground Floor, Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

LAST DATE OF RECEIPT OF TENDERS: 18th August, 1949 4 P.M.
PUBLIC OPENING OF TENDERS: 19th August, 1949 11-30 A.M.

Issued by
THE TEXTILE COMMISSIONER TO GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
(Disposals) BOMBAY.

A.C.54

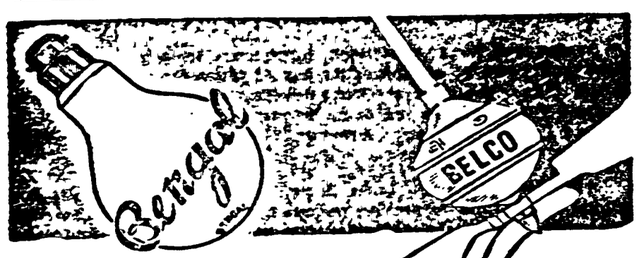
Uniersities Commission

POONA, July 17 (PTI): Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, Chairman of the Universities Commission, and five other members of the Commission, arrived in Poona to-day. The Commission today met the Vice-Chancellor of the Poona University. Members will continue their discussions with educationists in Poona to-morrow.

Tram Scares People At Tokyo Station

TOKYO, July 17 (PTI-Reuter): Tokyo police to-day arrested two men believed to be connected with Friday's tramcar incident when six people were killed and eight seriously injured.

Both men were Union officials dismissed last month for their part in a tramway strike.



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H.A.2.55

SHANGHAI FACES RICE INFLATION

Dwindling Supplies Threaten Economic Crisis

SHANGHAI, July 17 (UPA):

THE economic life of Shanghai is seriously threatened by rice, the indispensable staple food of three quarters of the nation's 450,000,000 people.

Within the rice plant is contained immense power, both for good and evil, happiness or misery. Because supplies are becoming short and the price rising, Shanghai rice is creating the most important immediate problem with which the new Communist Administration has to cope in this city.

Calamitous rice inflation is topping other serious obstacles in the way of Shanghai's revival that include labour controversies, and the Nationalists' attempts to blockade the port with the resultant stoppage of foreign trade just when it was beginning to show tentative signs of life a month ago.

WORKERS' DEMANDS

Labour troubles are closely linked with the rice problem as workers, since the change in administrations, are basing their wage demands in terms of piculs of rice (one picul weighs 176 pounds).

In Central China the price of rice jumped 400 per cent since the June 1. The consequences are being felt by practically every business and industrial establishment and home in Shanghai.

Dwindling supplies in the city are blamed on firstly, low stocks usual between harvests; secondly, long rains and the flood of the Yangtze impeding next harvest prospects and handicapping transportation, thirdly, reported speculation and hoarding, fourthly, cessation of imports from Indo-China; fifthly, necessity of supplying the Communist army with rice during its southward campaign, sixthly, removal of large stocks by the Nationalists in their retreat in May, seventhly, depletion of the hoards the population kept in homes since April when anticipating a food blockade during the battle of Shanghai.

MEASURES

Speeding emergency measures to ease rice inflation, the authorities are trying to bring at least 20,000 tons of vital food into Shanghai in the next four days from N... Kiangsu, Hangchow and other places by ship. A... big supply of w... is said to have arrived.

A British North China Daily News editorial, stressing the gravity of rice inflation, said, "If there ever was anything which should give the authorities cause for anxiety, it should be the price of rice. The increase in the price of rice since June 15th means wages have been increased to 2 and 2/3 of their former level within the space of one month. Industry is being obliged to meet wages and bills which are becoming increasingly impossible to meet."

ANKARA, July 17 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. John Snyder, Secretary of the United States Treasury, who is on a fact-finding tour of Europe, is expected to arrive in Turkey to-morrow, according to the Turkish news agency

Congress Executive Deliberations

(Continued from Page 1)

sion this afternoon and adjourned to meet again tomorrow evening.

It is learnt that the Committee has concluded consideration of the West Bengal situation and the consensus of opinion, as already indicated, would appear to favour the holding of elections in the Province.

The Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, during his Calcutta visit, had expressed himself in favour of holding an election and is believed to have communicated the same view to his colleagues in the Working Committee. The pros and cons of such a step were fully considered by the Committee day taking into account the existing conditions in Bengal and its possible repercussions in the rest of the country.

NEHRU'S RESOLUTION

The Prime Minister himself, who is now fully acquainted with the Bengal situation, is understood to be drafting a resolution which is expected to be ready tomorrow.

Mr. T. Prakasam and seven members of the Madras Legislature met the Working Committee this afternoon for nearly threequarters of an hour. Besides a memorandum which Mr. Prakasam and his colleagues had already submitted to the Working Committee containing certain allegations against the Madras Ministry, Mr Prakasam is understood to have further urged on the High Command to institute a judicial inquiry into the charges he had made.

The Working Committee, it is understood, also considered Mr. Shankar Rao Deo's report on the subject. Discussions, however, were inconclusive when the Committee adjourned to meet again tomorrow afternoon.

Call For 'Purity Drive' In Assam

SHILLONG: The Assam Premier, Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, today appealed to the members of the Provincial Congress Parliamentary Party for a purity drive "to fight the forces of evil in the society".

In a statement to the Press, Mr. Bardoloi said that it was distressing to feel that in spite of Government's best efforts to curb the evil forces of corruption, they seemed to have a firm grip on some of our people.

RELIEF TO PEPSU FLOOD VICTIMS

Premier's Directive

PATIALA, July 17 (PTI): The Prime Minister of the Punjab and East Punjab States Union, Mr. Gian Singh Rewala, today telegraphed all Deputy Commissioners to intimate in detail the devastation caused by the flood water and the area affected as the result of the recent heavy rains. He has also asked them to constitute district relief committees and estimate the loss suffered by the people of the Province.

In most parts of the city, the water has completely receded, and thousands of people were returning to their homes. The Government was providing the people who had left the low-lying areas with free transport.

Meanwhile armed pickets and mobile police were guarding the areas still under water. The Rajpramukh and the Prime Minister again visited the affected localities last evening

63,000 REFUGEES TO BE DISPERSED

Majority To Settle In C. P. Villages

NAGPUR, July 16 (PTI).—The Central Provinces Government is making arrangements for the dispersal of 63,000 displaced persons, now living in eight camps in the Province, with stop-the-relief-dole deadline set for October 31, 1949.

At least 70 per cent of this number will be absorbed in the urban life of the Province by that date.

The 63,000 refugees, have been receiving a twelve-ounce ration and six-rupees-a-month dole, from the last bulk of the 1,30,000 displaced persons who have been resettled in this province.

Barring 85,000 persons who were at one time in the camps, all others were given financial and other assistance towards their rehabilitation. Urban rehabilitation loans given to such refugees uptodate total about Rs. 20,00,000 besides loans, they were also given facilities in regard to housing, business premises, finding jobs, etc., and special concessions in respect of municipal taxes, school, fees, etc.

Of the 85,000 inmates of the camps, over 20,000 have either of their own accord left for other Provinces or have been helped to resettle in various trades and professions.

For the 63,000 displaced persons under its charge, the Provincial Governments plans for rehabilitation include the building of over 8,000 houses and 4,000 shops. As construction was taken up just before the rains, only 2,000 houses and about 2,000 shops are expected to completed in three to four months.

As an alternative, it is learnt, the Government is to provide temporary residential accommodation till the construction programme is completed.

3-Crore Paper Making Plant For U. P.

LUCKNOW, July 16 (PTI).—The United Provinces Government's first paper manufacturing plant, with a capacity to produce 30,000 tons per annum will be shortly installed.

This is to cost 3 crores and will consume 20,00,000 tons of bagasse per annum at present utilised as fuel in sugar factories. The plant will be set up either at Meerut or at Gorakhpur.

Experts have advised the U.P. Government that about three lakhs tons of paper can be manufactured per annum from bagasse available in the U.P., increasing India's one lakh ton paper production three times.

The plant will enable production of other by-products, including caustic soda, a key industrial material. The pithy portion of bagasse can be converted into cheap cattle feed sold at twelve annas per maund.

Split In E. Punjab Cabinet Denied

SIMLA, July 16 (PTI).—The East Punjab Government in a press note today denied press reports suggesting that "serious differences have arisen among East Punjab Ministers over the question of promulgating an ordinance against ejectment of tenants.

The note characterised as "absolutely baseless and without foundation" a report that "Sardar Jogindar Singh Man, Revenue and Rehabilitation Minister, has been threatened with removal from the Cabinet."

U.P Gaon Panchayats To Be Inaugurated On Aug. 15

LUCKNOW, July 16 (PTI).—The "assembling" of the Gaon Panchayat machinery is now nearing completion and the date fixed for the inauguration of what may be termed as the United Provinces "Village Republics" is the historic date, August 15.

The "Village Republic" will have a force of, among other officials; 34,750 Presidents, 8,190 Secretaries 8,190 Sarpanches and about 500 Inspectors in the 49 Districts of the Province.

ELECTRIC PLANT LOCATION

U.S. Engineers' Hunt For Site

CALCUTTA, July 17 (PTI): Mr. J. H. Compton, leader of the four American engineers now in Calcutta to seek on behalf of the Government of India a suitable location in the country for the proposed Government-owned heavy electric plant manufacturing industry said that so far they had visited firms which could supply component parts of the plant. They had not yet seen any possible site for the location of the proposed plant in this area.

The delegation is expected to stay in Calcutta till the end of this month and then leave for Patna.

OUR AMBASSADOR TO MOSCOW

Continued from Page 4)

Hindu University at Benares elected him Vice Chancellor and professor of Philosophy shortly after his appointment at Oxford.

He was also the Leader of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations Economic, Social, and Cultural Organisation and is at present Chairman of the Universities Commission Board. Dr. Radhakrishnan is also an Honorary Fellow of the Royal Asiatic Society of Bengal, and of the All Souls College, Oxford. He is a member of the Indian Constituent Assembly and author of quite a large number of books on Indian Philosophy.

SECRET OF HIS SUCCESS

Radhakrishnan is a genius, and what he has done no one else could possibly do. He is also a man who has taken pains to develop quite ordinary qualities by long and patient practice. That is the secret of success.

As a speaker he possesses peculiar excellence. He was fluent, argumentative, eloquent and witty. The perfect word, the most vivid phrase come to his lips spontaneously and naturally as buds to spray. You do not know what to admire more—the thought or the speech. And who can be deaf to such a rich voice?

If Radhakrishnan is a learned philosopher, he has no less the gifts of a keen and an astute politician. He is endowed with thorough grasp of the present and deep vision into the shape of things to come, and his perspective always is as broad as world.

"We have to take a stern warning from the events that are happening in China, Burma and Malaya. Revolutions are caused by the slowness of evolution," this had been the sort of advice often coming from his since the transfer of powers to the Indian hands.

He again, hits at the root of the problem when he reminds the rulers of our country that the present system of administration, which is based on "exploitation of the poor" should adversely affect their interest—national and international. "If we all the time go about saying" observes Radhakrishnan, "the workers should co-operate to speed up production—and if we are not prepared to deal effectively with the moneyed people who are making profits out of the blood of the poor, we play into the hands of those whom we do not wish to welcome into this land." (Dec. 23, 1948).

AN IDEALIST

As a philosopher Radhakrishnan is an idealist; but he is no abstractionist after Plato or Sankara; his belief in the spirit do not tempt him to blow out time and space; rather he holds that reality is rooted in the process, that divorce of the one from the other must mean death. Thus he is a close neighbour to Hagel and Ramanuja and spins his philosophy, not in a vacuum, but in the world of conflicts and contradictions; he spins it out of the very fibre of life to weave the rich tapestry of the soul.

Radhakrishnan's philosophy explains his humanism. Humanism was not invented by the West, and it cannot remain a Western monopoly. India and China practised it when Western Europe was still immersed in the stone age. Radhakrishnan preaches it today according to the best traditions of the East. He calls upon our youth to weed out social evils; for no good can come to a depressed society.

The focal points of his contentions were firstly, that the scientific mind and the quest of the spirit were complementary to each other and secondly, that the secular state is the most fertile ground for the material and spiritual progress of modern humanity.

Contrasting the human values in India and elsewhere, Dr. Radhakrishnan, in course of a speech delivered at Baroda on March last, observed, "if you go to America you will see today beautiful buildings devoted to education, instead of the beautiful Cathedrals or Mosques or Temples that you saw in mediaeval Europe. That represent the real pattern of Americanised life. The U.S.A. adopts scientific humanism. Similarly if you go to Soviet Russia also, the biggest building is a ractory or college".

RELIGION AND SCIENCE

Thus there is lapse of religion due to the phenomenal penetration of human intelligence into the mysteries of nature. The mind of man concentrated exclusively on one particular aspect of life, the scientific mind, and ignored the other aspect of life the quest of the spirit.

India on the other hand, says Dr. Radhakrishnan, has given each its place. That is not of recent origin. "Even in 3,000 B.C." continues Dr. Radhakrishnan, "when Indian civilization was more advanced than Babylonian and other civilizations, India had realised the place of spiritual values. In the Mohen-jo-daro excavations could he found the image of Siva in trance, with his eyes shut, sitting with his feet locked up on a lotus throne, indicating even at that early age that sex conquest was better than any other kind of conquest."

"With such a tradition," Dr. Radhakrishnan believes, "it should not be difficult for Indians to pursue the scientific mind side by side with the quest of the spirit and not divorce the one from the other."—Asian Press.

NEWS BRIEFS

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, India's Minister for Communications, has invited the Negotiating Committee of the Union of Post and Telegraph workers for talks. The Supreme Council of the Union has appointed a negotiating Committee with Mr. N. M. Joshi as President.

* * *

The Revenue Board in Hyderabad will be reconstituted with wider powers and functions from August 1, 1949, so as to bring it to the level if the Revenue Board in the neighbouring Province of Madras.

* * *

Shipments of Canadian newsprint during June totalled 413,646 tons, the Newsprint Association of Canada announced—an increase of 22,000 tons over the same month of 1948.

* * *

The problem of coal supply for tea gardens in Alipore Dooars, Darjeeling ad Jalpaiguri districts of West Bengal was discussed at a conference held in Calcutta on Saturday.

* * *

A resolution expressing "deepest sorrow" at the death of thirteen American Journalists who met with their death at the recent K.L.M. air crash near Bombay, was passed at a special meeting of local journalists here today.

* * *

The Council of the Deccan Sabha at its meeting in Poona on Saturday passed a resolution welcoming the removal of the ban on the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sankh.

* * *

Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, Premier of Assam, inaugurating the "Trading Co-operative Week" in Boko 35 miles from Gauhati, said on Sunday that if the principles of co-operation were properly understood and applied in daily life, there would be "no romo for violence and hatred to flourish".

* * *

A military tribunal condemned 12 men to death at Beirut on Saturday for assault on Lebanese military establishments in the past two weeks. The men were followers of Antoun Saadi, "fuehrer" of the Syrian Nationalist Party in Lebanon who was recently executed for anti-State activities.

* * *

Mr. M. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, Deputy Speaker of the Dominion Parliament said in Madras that "The Nehru Government was doing its best among its numerous other pressing problems to solve the unemployment question".

The Government, he knew had several schemes on hand for the allround economic and social betterment of the people.

100 REBELS KILLED IN BURMA

RANGOON, July 16 (PTI-Reuter): Burma Government forces killed 100 insurgents in clashes in the Sagaing district west of Mandalay, a communique said to-night.

The communique also reported neavy insurgent casualties in a 45-minute fight with Karen rebels in the Thaton district, south-east Burma.

Ex-Minister Released

RANGOON, July 16 (PTI-Reuter): Thakin Thein Pe, former Burmese Agriculture Minister, was to-day released from Rangoon Central Jail, where he had been detained since last year under the Public Order Preservation Act, it was authoritatively learned. Thein Pe relinquished the chairmanship of the Burma Communist Party in March, 1948.

SAILING VESSELS TRAFFIC

Committee's Suggestions For Better Conditions

NEW DELHI, July 17 (PTI): The Sailing vessels Industry should through co-operative effort organise itself on an All-India basis so as to rationalise traffic, standardise usages and get rid of anti-social practices. This is one of the main recommendations of the Sailing Vessels Committee which was appointed by the Government of India in May 1949 under the Chairmanship of Mr. C. A. Buch to report on steps to be taken for development of the sailing vessels traffic in Indian waters.

"The Committee, which has now submitted its reports to the Government, has made about 75 recommendations with a view to making the sailing vessel a safer more expeditious and efficient unit of transport than it is today and the personnel afloat better trained competent and reliable.

It urges immediate organisation of the industry on economic lines and points out that some kind of official machinery might have to be devised to create conditions whereby the Industry could be guided in the matter or organising itself and rationaling

PERFORM DUTIES EFFICIENTLY

Madhya Bharat Premier's Advice To Officials

GWALIOR, July 16, (U. P. I.): "If you perform your duties with efficiency, integrity, and honesty at whatever post you might be working, you will serving the motherland in the truest sense of the word," observed Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, Premier of Madhya Bharat, addressing a mass meeting of Government officials and employees at the Motimahal Secretariat yesterday evening.

Comparing the condition of the services in autocratic and democratic regimes, the Premier pointed out that in the latter case, with the establishment of public service commission chances of nepotism and favouritism had been minimised to a very great extent. Definite rules and regulations had been framed to guard their interests and permanence of office had been assured.

Mr. Vijayvargiya, however, warned them that corruption and bribery would be put down with an iron hand and those indulging in corrupt practices would be dealt with severely.

Speaking on behalf of the Government employees, K. B. Lall, Chief Secretary to the Madhya Bharat Government assured the Premier of the unflinching loyalty and devotion to duty of the members of the public services.

LAMA'S INTEREST IN PHOTOGRAPHY

NEW DELHI, July 16 (P.T.I.): The nine-year-old Head Lama of the Buddist Red Sect showed keen intcrest in photography during Pandit Nehru's recent visit to Hemis Monastery in Ladakh.

When a cameraman "shot" the Lama, he wanted to know what the black box contained. When the Lama was told that it contained his likeness, he wanted a copy of it. He was promised one.

Many Ladakhis saw a radio for the first time. The admiration of the Dadakhi for the machine, stood three All India Radio sound engineers in good stead. They had to spend a night at Checkhot, nine miles from Leh "en route" to Hemis. To while away the time they played their radio on a six-volt battery set and soon the entire village was drawn by the music. When the engineers also started their generator and lit a 150-watt bulb, the villagers presented them a chicken.

Anglo-American Duel For World Markets

RIVALRY DEVELOPING IN MIDDLE EAST: MOSCOW COMMENTS

MOSCOW, July 17, (UPA).

THE Anglo-American duel for world markets is becoming daily more acute with the obvious collapse of the Marshall Plan, according to Pravda's Y. Zhukov. His articles datelined Paris said, however, that Americans with the aid of the French and "other stooges" and economic superiority managed to impose their own will non reclacitrant Britons.

In addition to the economic struggle for West Europe, intense Anglo-American rivlary is developing in the Middle East, said the newspaper "Red Fleet."

The "Red Fleet" reported feverish activity by British agents recently visiting the Middle East like Chief of the Imperial Staff Field Marshal Slim and Chief of Intelligence Service General Bulak and finally permanent Foreign Under-Secretary Sir William Strang.

The newspaper said that all British activity was motivated by alarm over the increasing American usurpation of previous dominant British positions. While Americans were making an effort to organize an Arab power group with Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Syria British diplomacy aims to oppose this with a greater Syria consisting of Syria and Jordan, the paper said.

Anglo-American rivalry is also manifested in Israel where the United States not only already supplanted Britain but is doing its utmost to obtain complete financial control, according to "Red Fleet"

The newspaper said that Israel occupies a prominent place in American imperialism in the Middle East where the "notorious so-called development policy is especially noticeable." It cited as evidence the 100,000,000 dollar loan by the Export Import Bank and reported that a new loan is being negotiated. It added that in order to obtain complete control of Israel's economy the United States organizes mixed American-Israel corporations.

"Red Fleet" continued that the United States already has squeezed out Britain from Saudi Arabia and seeks to work out a military alliance with Saudi Arabia, Egypt and Syria while the British are trying to woo Egypt away and reconcile Syria, Iraq and Egypt. It said that "both sides are using the well tried methods of bribery and blackmail and promises of material and military aid and both sides are exploiting dynastic Arab rivalries."

It also reported that the United States is trying to work out some sort of Marshall Plan for the Arab countries and negotiations with Egypt are already proceeding. It said that the Americans are organizing joint economic and cultural corporations while representatives of the American International Bank for Reconstruction recently visted Iraq for a similar purpose.

The newspaper said that alarmed by Sir William Strang's tour of the Middle East, the American sent State Department official Sam Cooper to follow Strang's trail.

"Red Fleet" continued the story of bitter Anglo-American rivalry saying the sole thing possess in common is the "struggle against the movement of national liberation of Arabs. But the Arab masses won't agree to be impartial witnesses to how the Anglo-American monopolists rob and exploit their countries. They speak up more frequently and louder against the foreign slave-makers and for freedom and independence."

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Fall In Prices Due To Sudden Favourable Turn In Crop Outlook

BOMBAY, July 15.

In Bombay, the unexpected has happened. Futures trading in cotton which had practically suspended for the past five months owing to the absence of sellers at ceiling prices was resumed, states the report of the Patel Cotton Co. Ltd:—

FOREIGN MARKETS: The New York market held steady during the week with moderate fluctuations. The bulk of business was centred in evening up operations in spot July. Interest in new crop months remained slack but steadied later in the week, on the theory that they were selling below the prospective loan level. The tenor of weather reports during the week has been generally favourable, except for weevil complaints. This year the crop is earlier than usual in all States except Oklahoma, Lousiana and Mississippi.

The Crop Reporting Board of the U.S. Department of Agriculture issued its first cotton report on the 8th inst; it gave the area under cultivation as 26,380,000 acres, slightly higher than anticipated or 114.2 per cent of last year's planted acreage of 23,110,000 acres. The big acreage was not a surprise to the trade, because cotton plantings have gradually increased year after year since 1945, when the area had dropped to 17,562,000 acres, the lowest figure for 50 years. Moreover, it was as clear as daylight that farmers would take full advantage of the fact that there were no restrictions on cotton plantings. The planting and marketing of cotton are likely to be subjected to control next year. As a matter of fact, the Senate has already approved a new plan for such federal control aimed at curtailing threatened post-war cotton surpluses. The measure now goes to the House of Representatives. It provides both for cutting down of cotton acreages by the USDA and the re-allocation of controlled acres between the various cotton producing States.

TRADING RESUMED.

BOMBAY: In Bombay, the unexpected has happened. Futures trading in cotton which had been practically suspended for the past five months owing to the absence of sellers at the ceiling price was resumed on Monday. Speculative short selling in I.C.C. September at Rs. 618 started the ball rolling and as the prices eased down, the downward movement gathered momentum and within two hours the rate for September touched Rs. 602 1/2. Spot houses and mills who are fully aware of the precarious stock position readily absorbed these contracts, and prices speedily recovered to Rs. 614. Since then, the market has become a playground for jobbers and option dealers who are buying and selling for quick profits.

This fall in prices is attributed to the sudden favourable turn in the crop outlook owing to moderate to heavy rains all over the cotton growing area including the worst drought-stricken tracts of Gujerat and Kathiawar. The world's crop of commercial cotton this season is also the largest since 1940-41. The bearishness of these factors was underlined by the slowing down of mill demand for cotton as the result of mounting stocks of cloth.

SUPPLY SITUATION.

The cotton supply situation in the Dominion of India is far from reassuring. The crop has yet to pass through many a vicissitudes. Those who are aware of the notorious eccentricities of weather conditions, differing widely over the vast area in the Indian Union, cannot ignore the fact that there is many a slip between the cup and the lip.

It is well to bear in mind that during the current year we have drawn upon our reserves to the extent of 13 3/4 lacs bales, and that we shall enter the new season with perhaps the smallest carry-over on record. Mill and trade stocks which in 1944 aggregated 59,00,000 bales will be reduced to about 10 1/2 lacs bales. Of this carryover the free stocks in the hands of merchants will be somewhere around 300,000 bales, a large part of which is old and extremely inferior cotton.

Very little comfort can be derived from the prospects of bigger crops in other countries as the foreign exchange position and the adverse trade balance will make it imperatively necessary to import as little as possible from foreign sources of supply. The entire Indian import policy, both with regard to Dollar and Sterling countries, is due to be revised. However, it must be borne in mind that current tendency is to spin imported styles which are now in good supply. This, of course, tends to reduce the pressure on Indian cotton.

There was moderate demand in the ready market for all stapled styles but the actual volume of business was not impressive owing to the short supply of stocks. Sind N.T. for November/December delivery continued to be traded in, but at a decline of Rs. 10 to 15 from last week's level. Much of the speculative activity in this has been diverted to the Marwari bazar. The demand for foreign cotton has shrunken very much owing to the fact that some mills had overbought. They are trying to sell this due to financial difficulties and the heavy accumulation of cloth. The recent allocation of East African cotton to mills has also put the brake on fresh buying.

WEATHER AND CROP NEWS:

The week's weather news makes very cheerful reading. The low presure wave associated with the unsettled conditions in the north Bay of Bengal, moving onwards across the Orissa coast and a trough of low pressure off the north Konkan coast in the Arabian Sea combined to strengthen the monsoon current resulting in widespread soaking rains all over the country. Heavy rains in Saurashtra and Gujerat have brought the urgently needed relief and the monsoon has also been active in the East Punjab and Rajasthan. Reports of rains from practically every district are uniformly favourable. These rains have enabled sowings to be completed and helped germination. In a few places, the moisture is proving injuriously excessive and an early break is essential for weeding and harrowing operations.

We have received the following telegram from Karachi dated 14th inst:—

"Though Hongkong bought further 10,000 recently, market slightly easier as it was reported Hongkong cannot buy more cotton at present rates. Cotton Associations continue their appeals to Government to declare free export for tail-end of season. Expect Government decision next week. It is rumoured, if export not made entirely free, Government may give freely licences for certain qualities remaining unsold, such long staple particularly Saw-ginned. Arrivals 820, Sales 3675, Export 9536; of these 7100 Hongkong".

SHIPPING NEWS

We give below the latest information regarding the arrival and departure of Lloyd Triestino vessels from this port.

SPARTA due in Bombay on 5th August from Genoa probably sailing on 12th August for Trieste-Venice-Genoa-Naples.

ASTRA due in Bombay on 10th August from Trieste probably sailing on 15th August for Colombo-Madras-Calcutta.

CANNAREGGIO due in Bombay on 25th August from Trieste probably sailing on 3rd August for Colombo-Madras-Calcutta.

TRIPOLITANIA due in Bombay on 26th August from Genoa probably sailing on 1st September for Trieste-Venice-Genoa-Naples.

TIMAVO due in Bombay on 30th August from Trieste probably sailing on 5th September for Trieste-Venice-Genoa-Naples.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

BOMBAY, July 16.

SARASWATI arrived from Belfast on July 15 with 1,250 tons of potatoes (B. S. N. Co.).

NICHOLAS arrived from Odessa on July 15 (Turner Morrison).

VINANGYNAUNG arrived from Abadan on July 15 with 7,170 tons of petroleum (Burmah Shell).

DEPARTURES

INDIAN PIONEER sailed for Calcutta on July 16 with general cargo.

M. V. KIRRIEMOOR sailed for Geelong on July 15.

RANCHI sailed for London on July 15 with 895 passengers and general cargo.

PENTA KOTA sailed for Middlesborough on July 15 with 3,037 tons of cargo.

Maintaining The Efficiency Of The Services

NEW DELHI, July 17: As a result

NEW DELHI, July 15.—As a result of informal discussions held here amongst the top ranking Servicemen, two Committees have been set up, one to deal with the Services and the other with the economic situation in the country.

There has been a marked deterioration in the rank and file of the All-India Services, it has been felt here. Even the top ranking servicemen have often failed to discharge their constitutional role namely of advising their chiefs without fear or favour.

The Services Committee is intended to devise ways and means of putting pep in their own colleagues and make them realise their responsibilities. The Committee similarly will study the day-to-day economic situation and submit reports to the Government.

There has been too much interference with the policy making from outside, it has been felt here for some months. The case of food grains policy is cited to illustrate the point. The Service members of the Committee had unanimously reported against decontrol. But they were overruled. In any case events justified their stand. The Committee now set up will frame their viewpoint and present it to the Government, for such action as it might like to take. In this way they hope to discharge their functions, the constitution has assigned to them.

GOOD JUTE FROM TRAVANCORE

CALCUTTA, July 16 (U.P.I.): Experiments to grow jute in Travancore, Madras and Bombay areas, Sardar Datar Singh said, had been taken up on pilot plan basis. The first sample of jute produced in Travancore has been tested and found to be encouraging. The fibre is very fine, soft, strong and lustrous. It is of good colour and free from faults, and the quality ratio is expected to be one hundred and twenty in ten pound yarn. Sardar Datar Singh considered this as good achievement and was hopeful of prospects of Travancore producing a large quantity of jute.

Copenhagen Congress

COPENHAGEN, July 16. (P.T.I-Reuter): Five girls will, in turn, bring messages from five continents, when the First International Congress on the physical education of girls and Women opens here on Monday.

Miss Lelia Ray of India will speak for Asia.

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COMMUNIST OBJECTIVE, A WEAK INDIA

Pandit Nehru's Analysis Of Situation

CALL TO SHED FEAR AND ACT BRAVELY

NEW DELHI, July 17 (UPI).

"I do not attach the slightest importance to the result of the South Calcutta by-election. What I do mind is the fact that after the breaking up of the first Congress election meeting to this day Congressmen have not dared to hold public meetings in Calcutta" said Pandit Nehru addressing Congress workers on July 14 at Calcutta.

Miss Mridula Sarabhai who accompanied the Prime Minister to Calcutta during his recent fact-finding mission writes that the July 14 meeting gave Pandit Nehru a chance to open out his mind to colleagues and to advise them to dedicate themselves to action.

The following is the substance of Pandit Nehru's address to them:

"I want men and women of grit who can bravely dare and face the situation. I want people who can rise to the occasion, rise above petty things. I do not attach the slightest importance to the result of the South Calcutta by-election.

"But what I do mind is the fact that after the breaking up of the first Congress election meeting, to this day Congressmen have not dared to hold public meetings in Calcutta. They have failed to face the crowd and have advised me also not to do so. Go and risk death if necessary in facing and solving the problems of the day." That was Jawaharlal's stirring message to the Congressmen of Calcutta.

FANTASTIC STATE

Analysing the situation further, Pandit Nehru said: "More than any other part of India, Bengal has special problems but you cannot offer a solution to a problem unless you understand the problem itself. Today I am interested only in finding out men and women of grit who can resist the hooliganism and terrorism of a few.

"In this great city even on its highways a handful of goondas can stop a tram, ask the passengers to get down and then set fire to it. This to me is a fantastic state of affairs. How can this be tolerated? I can only conclude that the brave people of Bengal have either become meek and docile or are in sympathy with the hooligans."

He wanted to know what the reaction of those who had gathered there was. "Why has it not spurred you to action?" he demanded.

"In public life, there are basic things which can never be lost sight of by us. What did Mahatmaji do? He introduced a tradition of reality in the public life of India and asked us to go to the man in the street. He gave us the mantra 'Shed Fear.'

"At that time the fear complex was due to an alien Government and its police. His approach built up our resistance movement and gave us strength. Even though conditions have changed, our need for strength and courage, our need to work among the people are the same today.

"But, what do I see? Instead of continuing Gandhiji's tradition which is easier to do today, because power is vested in your party, Congressmen are retreating, are losing the strength they have acquired."

FACE DANGERS

At this stage a few colleagues tried to remind him of their difficulties. Jawaharlalji lost patience with them. He asked them whether they were so frightened that they could not realise that what they were faced with was a life and death problem for the nation. Compared to the problem they were facing, even corruption, nepotism and bribery were insignificant.

"This basic problem cannot be solved by political manoeuvring. To achieve great results in life, substantial things have to be done. You cannot solve a problem unless you are prepared to take the consequences." In solving this terribly vital problem, they should be prepared to face the gravest dangers.

"While most problems are common to all parts of India Calcutta has certain peculiarities. It provides a favourable atmosphere to the Communist Party to try out their experiments of creating chaos which, they hope will spread over the Province and the country."

"We are faced with a situation which no Nationalist or patriot can tolerate. Even real communism cannot come through violence. Ultimately, whichever system can deliver the goods will be the order that will prevail in the world.

"If the order in Russia demonstrates this moral, physical and material power, then the world will go that way. If America, India or any other country can, through their system, achieve better results, the world will adopt that path."

DEGRADING POLICY.

"The Communist Party of India does not want communism in India. They have adopted a degrading policy which no country or individual can accept. If it is proper communism I would not object to it, but their communism has nothing to do with India or the Indian people; their objective is to have a weak India.

"According to their own arguments they aim at chaos, increasing unemployment and want, which will bring in complete misery for a generation or so. Through their present methods only large-scale famine and frustration can come. And this break-down, they hope, will lead people to a desperate act of revolution.

"That is what they are hoping, but then history has recorded that such conditions may not mean revolution. Hitlerism, Fascism and such totalitarian forces can take its place A bomb-thrower is not necessarily a revolutionary. In certain circumstances, his act may bring incounter-revolution.

"The bomb-thrower who imagines he is a revolutionary may fail, while a man of love like Gandhiji may bring in a mightier revolution through changing the people's outlook. A real revolutionary must take note of the circumstances and the human material on which his actions are to be based.

"India's political freedom can now be taken for granted; Yet anything can happen, not so much due to danger from foreign countries as from internal forces of disruption. If we are not alert, reactionary forces may sweep away all other progressive forces, even though ultimately they themselves may also perish."

SUICIDAL OUTLOOK.

"It is said that Congressmen at present are out to get benefits for themselves. Their outlook is foolish and suicidal. In this changing world past sacrifices count for nothing. The new generation does not even remember the past. If you expect a pension from the nation, you won't get it. Only further work, fulfilment of duty to the nation can assist you, but that also will not be available if you will not wake up to reality.

"I am not going to discuss your group politics. The events of the last two years have brought in a new state of affairs and have released numerous forces in India. Unfortunately, on the eve of independence started a storm of communalism, widespread massacre, uprooting and migration of populations, immense mass misery and ruination.

"This was followed by the release of new economic and political forces. One has to understand these new questions, the way the problems and the balance of forces have developed. I am not considered a successful politician and may not be able to solve your internal petty problems".

SHEER FUNK

.."What I am concerned with is the larger issue that directs and influences the policy and conduct of the Congress and Congressmen. I find the Congress in Calcutta in a frightened and hesitant mood. If one meeting is broken up, I would hold hundreds of meetings."

Some in the audience interrupted and said: "The authorities and the police ruled out that suggestion and were obstructive."

Jawaharlalji, replying to it, told them that the police was supposed to be under the Congress Government. "If what you say is fact, then it betrays sheer funk and small-mindedness. You are functioning in small groups and you do everything on the personal plane. This must end."

Explaining the Government's economic policy, he told those present that the Government had followed a path which would not worsen the situation. "No person in the Government can take risks with millions of people. Much depends on the productive capacity of the nation and on proper distribution.

"The policy that endangers the existing productive capacity without replacing it, is dangerous. We want to concentrate on building up our objective to replace the present. So we have had to go slow. By merely passing a resolution on nationalisation, the thing is not achieved.

"For proper and effective nationalisation, you require a high quality of human and other resources. How are we going to achieve that? By pure ex?propriation or with compensation? Congress decided on the latter on purely practical considerations. It is cheaper and causes the least delay to nationalise through compensation. Resistance, tactics of delaying, ultimately cost more.

DEFEAT BETTER

"If priority is given to the nationalisation of all existing big industries and all resources are thrown into it, then no addition is made to the existing productive apparatus.

"This seemed to us foolish. Therefore, categories were made. Certain essential industries were immediately nationalised, while some others were brought under state control and fresh resources were put into create new plants which would add to the wealth of the country Do you want us to acquire an existing steel plant or put in a new state steel plant and thus increase the state's productive power?

"In such a situation, what is one to do? Even though I am interested in the Congress. I am more interested in the future of India and of Bengal. I do not mind if the Congress is defeated in an election. It might save the soul of the Congress.

"I do not want to be defeated. But then it is better to be in that position than the present. A great deal of discontent prevails against those in the Provincial Government and in the Congress also against the Centre which is far off from the scene.

Most of this is based on vague charges, but the basic feeling is one of frustration that the Executive is irremovable. It was the same feeling against the British, for which Gandhiji showed us the way General elections will be held within one and a half years, but even that seems to me a rather long time. It takes time to prepare electoral rolls on the basis of adult franchise.

QUALITY NOT QUANTITY

"Meanwhile a way has to be found out to remove this sense of frustration and to bring about a sense of responsibility in the masses, that will serve as a training to them for responsible working of democracy Why should I impose my will on the people? Let them decide—either to have us or to throw us out. No one can take away the rights to serve the country. Elections are not the only means."

Concluding Pandit Nehru said in human life, quality is more important than quantity. Gandhiji laid emphasis on it. For the Congress also quality is wanted—not quantity. It does not matter at all if we lose or win. Manoeuvring is a bad thing.

I just wanted to take you into my confidence and tell you what I feel. Something has to be done to shake up the people from the present mood. In consultation with my colleagues, a way will be found. Meanwhile, let us not bother ourselves with what the other person is doing or not doing. Let us do our task."

100 OCCURRENCES INVESTIGATED

Geological Survey "Records"

NEW DELHI, July 17: The Geological Survey of India have resumed publication of their "Records" which were suspended during war owing to paper shortage and other causes. The first of the resumed series (Vol. 81, part I) contains the Director's Report for 1947, and two petrological papers.

There was a three-fold increase in the gazetted staff of the Department from 27 in the pre-war period to 83 during 1946-47. Three new sections of applied geology, the Mineral Development, Engineering Geology and Ground Water Resources and the Geophysics Sections came into being. These were in addition to the five Geological Mapping Circles covering the whole of India. The "Records" refer to the different types of economic investigations undertaken in various parts of India and Pakistan including the Himalayas.

Nearly 100 occurrences of 33 industrial rocks and minerals were investigated in various parts of India. Among noteworthy discoveries was that of extensive deposits of magnesite in the Almora district in the United Provinces. But lack of communication is likely to hamper their economic exploitation at present.

The Engineering Geology and Ground Water Resources Section carried out several investigations of sites for the construction of dams, suitability and availability of building materials, bridge and building sites, railway and road alignments, several multipurpose hydel and storage projects and problems relating to ground water supply.

The newly-created Geophysics Section tried out several methods of investigation for locating coal, graphite, iron-ore, etc., and the experience gained therefrom is expected find application in major investigations for hidden mineral deposits in later years.

A new section of Palaeobotany and the Mineral Information Bureau was instituted at the headquarters at Calcutta. The Geological Section of the Indian Museum was reorganized and the valuable specimens which were removed out of Calcutta during the war

FREEDOM AWARDS FOR TWO THIS YEAR

NEW YORK, July 17 (UPA): Freedom House announced that its 1949 freedom awards would go to General Lucius Clay, former American Military Governor in Germany, and to David Lilienthal, Chairman of the United States Atomic Energy Commission.

It is the first time awards have been given to two men in the same year.

Damage To Relief Camp Huts In E. Punjab Towns

SIMLA, July 17 (PTI): Due to the recent heavy rain damage has occurred to front walls of mud-huts under construction in relief camps at Hissar, Rohatak, Gurgaon, Sonepat, Ambasa and Dudhiana, it is officially stated here today.

The damage was caused by water from the unfinished roofs, flowing on the walls.

CLUE TO THEFTS

LUCKNOW, July 17 (PTI): The Railway Police to-day reported they had found a clue to thefts on running trains. Five incoming trains, they said, were held up at the distant signal of Lucknow station during the last three days. Every time it was discovered that the signal cord connecting the distant signal with the yard was tampered with.

Coal and other commodities from open wagons were pilfered, they reported. Four persons have been arrested.

Sind Government To Re-employ Non-Muslims

KARACHI, July 16 (PTI-Reuter)—The Government of Sind have decided to consider the question of re-employment of non-Muslims who had resigned from Provincial Government services during January last year but had not left Pakistan, it is learnt here.

BENGAL HAS MANY PROBLEMS TO SOLVE

Mr. Sarkar Counsels Patience

CALCUTTA, July 17. (PTI):

WHILE the Congress Working Committee has been considering West Bengal problems at its meeting in New Delhi since yesterday, the acting Premier of the Province, Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar in a statement in Calcutta asked the public to realise that their problems, vast and complex as they were, did not admit of any easy solution; this had to be considered against the background of India as a whole.

Some of these solutions, therefore, might necessarily take time to materialize, he added.

Mr. Sarkar appealed to the public to keep patience for some time and strengthen the hands of the Government by co-operation and goodwill and urged them to remember that impatience and outbursts of discontent would be a hindrance to the peaceful solution of West Bengal's many problems.

BEAR THE BURDENS.

Mr. Sarkar requested the people to develop a positive outlook in the appreciation of public questions. He said, while Pandit Nehru was here last week, he had been inundated with so many memoranda and statements regarding the problems of the Province, but few had come forward to suggest solution and help finding a way out.

Time had come for every honest citizen to think for himself objectively and factually and contribute his own share to the progress and prosperity of the Province.

Mr. Sarkar said that, whatever the Central Government or other governments could do for them, the fact remained that they were to bear their own burdens and could not shift wholly the responsibilities to others. Whether it was the refugee problem or unemployment, the Government of India would help them as much as they could possibly, but the main task had to be done by the people of the Province.

STOP HOOLIGANS.

Mr. Sarkar thought that at the present moment the first pre-requisite for the success of our endeavours was for the people to become disciplined, reasonable and realistic and set their hands to the task of cheating more wealth.

Earlier, Mr. Sarkar commended the people of Calcutta for keeping the fair name of West Bengal unsullied on the occasion of the public meeting addressed by the Prime Minister of India last Thursday. He also offered his thanks to the public for the fact that they had stood four square against the disrupted and lawless elements and frustrated their evil design to create trouble in the meeting.

If the public became alert and came forward to stop the misdeeds of the hooligans, he said, there would be no need for the police to come to the scene to discharge their unpleasant task. In fact, such public co-operation was the only remedy for frequent outbursts and lawlessness which had unfortunately become a feature of life of this city, he added.

ENFORCEMENT OF PROHIBITION

MADRAS, July 16 (PTI).—The Madras police will take over from the Excise Department the enforcing of prohobition in the province.

This decision was taken at a meeting today of Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier, Mr. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister, Mr. Sanjeeva Reddi, Prohibition Minister, the Inspector-General of Police and the Prohibition Commissioner. Mr. K. A. Nachiyappa Gounder, Chairman of the Prohibition Enquiry Committee, attended the meeting by special invitation.

The Enquiry Committee had recommended to the Madras Government that the enforcement of prohibition should be entrusted to the police instead of to the Excise personnel, and this, among other recommendations was discussed at a Congress Legislature Party meeting on July 1.

The meeting today as a first step towards the implementation of the decision has ordered the abolition of prohibition stations in four district of Coimbatore, Salem, North Arcot and Chittoor; and henceforth the police will investigate into prohibition offences as any other cognisable offence.

BID TO LIBERATE RED PRISONERS

Mass Attempt Fails In Madura

MADURA, July 17 (PTI): About sixty persons described as Communists attempted to set at liberty 27 undertrial Communist prisoners in front of the local sub-Magistrate's Court last evening. While the prisoners were being taken back to jail from the court, Communists and Communist sympathisers including some women who had gathered there obstructed the police van and demanded the release of the prisoners. A police party, however, soon arrived and dispersed the small crowd that had surrounded the van.

The police arrested a person said to be in charge of the local Communist Party office, who led the crowd. Later they searched his residence and seized Communist Party phamphlets and other papers.

SUPPORT RAJASTHAN GOVERNMENT

Rajpramukh's Call For Unity

BOMBAY, Sunday.

A call to the people of the United States of Rajasthan to unite and support wholeheartedly the newly-born Government in its efforts to build a prosperous and happy Rajasthan, was given by Lieut. General Sir Sawai Mansinghji Bahadur, Rajpramukh of Rajasthan speaking at a reception given in his honour by Mr. Ramdeo A. Podar, city business magnate at the 'Taj' this evening.

Mr. Podar, welcoming the Rajpramukh said that he was a great sportsman, soldier and above all a great ruler.

Replying, the Rajpramukh contended that Rajasthan had a great future. He assured that he would endeavour to serve his people and the country. It was the duty of the people to help and support his government which was trying to do its best for the progress and the development of Rajasthan, he added.

The Rajpramukh who has just returned from the Kashmir war front paid tributes to the fighting forces of India and described it as the "best army in the world". Advising the youth of India to join the army, he said that in the force they would find an opportunity to serve their country.

MIXED GRILL

By Grumbler

OVER the week end I met a young student—one of the new Matriculates. He has joined one of the Commercial colleges in the city and what he told me is, I think, of great public interest.

There are about 1,500 students in his college in the four classes from the First Year Commerce to the B. Com. class. In his own class there are 450 students. The class is divided into three sections of 150 each. The Classes are held by turns during the day. His class assembles at 1 p.m. and disperses at 4-30 p.m. There are four lecture periods of 45 minutes each with an interval of half an hour between the second and third periods.

All the four lectures are not held everday. There is a notice which tells the pupils that if no teacher turns up for five minutes they should quit. They run at the end of four.

Now, allowing for 52 Sundays, the large number of holidays, three vacations Summer, Diwali and Christmas, and the days lost in the examinations, how much of teaching do these boys get? And what kind of teaching can it be if boys of tender age are to be lectured to by a remote professor screaming at 150 of them at one breath?

Again these boys and girls pay an annual fees of Rs. 200 besides extras for library, gymkhana, etc. That works out at Rs. 30,000 per year per class of 150, or Rs. 3,500 per month. I do not think there is any college so generous that it will allot less than four lectures a day per teacher and pays him more than Rs. 200 per month.

Which means that on each of these classes the College makes a surplus of Rs. 2,750 per class!

You can make as large and generous an allowance as you like for administration, overhead costs, library, equipment and other facilities. Still the question remains:

IS THIS EDUCATION OR EXPLOITATION—OF THE MOST DETESTABLE KIND?

DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH VIET NAM

New State To Invite India

HANOI, July 17 (PTI-Reuter): India will be among the countries to be asked to agree to diplomatic exchanges with Viet Nam, a high official of the Cabinet said today.

The new State, he said, is planning to send diplomats to various parts of the world to make its new Government known. Siam is another country to be asked to agree to diplomatic exchanges.

Friendship missions are planned to other South-East Asian countries and to Australia and New Zealand. Similar missions would probably be sent to Britain and the United States later.

After Viet Nam's first cabinet meeting, expected on Tuesday, the United Nations Secretary-General Mr. Trygve Lie will be informed of Viet Nam's official existence.

Fourth Anniversary Of First Explosion

TODAY TUMBLEWEED COVERS THE ATOMIC CRATER

SOCORRO, New Mexico, July 17 (UPI)

NATURE has smoothed the rugged scars caused by the world's first atomic bomb explosion four years ago and today the crater was a mass of tumbleweed.

Newsmen and photographers were admitted over the week-end to the fenced-in crater in observance of the anniversary. The area is no longer considered dangerous due to radio-activity.

Dr. Albert Bellamy head of a research team from the University of California, reported to ranchers at a meeting in Socorro that the cattle are picking up harmless amounts of radio-activity from plants and soil near the site of the explosion. But he pointed out that laboratory studies of the cattle has shown the animals do not absorb the radioactivity into their systems.

The crater is growing less and less recognizable as a spot which was once cleared of all life by a blast of 100,000,000 degrees. Tumbleweed is thriving one more. The explosion fused dirt, sand and plant life into a sheet of green, grass-like substance which scientists named "trinitite". Rain and cold weather has broken the trinitle into small pieces which glisten in the rays of the sun.

The half-buried concrete foundations are all that remains of the tower from which the bomb was suspended for the "trinity test". The tower itself was vaporized by the blast.

After four years the bomb crater is scarcely visible.

Los Alamos scientist Dr. Harry Whipple said that although danger from radiation has passed, field surveys around the site will continue for several years.

BETTER THE LOT OF THE BLIND

Morarji Desai's Call

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Lip-sympathy and philosophical detachment were as unhelpful to the eradication of social evils as indifference, said Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister of Bombay, while speaking at the annual prize distribution ceremony of the Dadar School for the Blind this evening.

It was the duty of the citizens of a free country (he said) to help to better the lot of the blind, dumb and other physically handicapped persons. In the past, he said, these unfortunate persons were neglected and uncared for by the alien Government and the people. This attitude on the part of the Government as well as the people must now cease.

Mr. Desai congratulated two former students of the School who had entered a city college recently.

Mr. Champaklal Modi, Hon. Secretary of the School, read out the annual report of the institution.

Earlier, the Home Minister inspected the guard of honour.

The students of the school also gave recitals of songs and dance performances.

MUTT AND JEFF—I Wouldn't Exactly Call That Improving—Would You?

By BUD FISHER

YOU KNOW--YESTERDAY WAS GEORGE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY!
I'M LIKE GEORGE! I NEVER TOLD A LIE!
HOW CAN YOU FIB LIKE THAT AND LOOK ME IN THE FACE?
I'M USED TO YOUR FACE!
YOU'RE NOT THE LEAST BIT LIKE WASHINGTON! HE COULDN'T TELL A LIE!
GOSH!---- THEN OUR COUNTRY IS PROGRESSING!
?
NOW ALMOST EVERYBODY CAN TELL ONE!

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